

Tasmanian Ancestry



**Tasmanian Family History
Society Inc.**

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Tasmanian Family History Society Inc.

PO Box 191 Launceston Tasmania 7250

State Secretary: secretary@tasfhs.org

Journal Editors: editors@tasfhs.org

Home Page: <http://www.tasfhs.org>

Patron: Dr Alison Alexander

Fellows: Dr Neil Chick, David Harris and Denise McNeice

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Vice President	Maurice Appleyard	(03) 6248 4229
Vice President	Peter Cocker	(03) 6435 4103
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	Betty Bissett	(03) 6344 4034
LWFHA Coordinator	Judith De Jong	(03) 6327 3917
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Public Officer	Denise McNeice	(03) 6228 3564
State Sales Officer	Betty Bissett	(03) 6344 4034

Branches of the Society

Burnie:	PO Box 748 Burnie Tasmania 7320 petjud@bigpond.com
Devonport:	PO Box 587 Devonport Tasmania 7310 secretary@tfhsdev.com
Hobart:	PO Box 326 Rosny Park Tasmania 7018 secretary@hobart.tasfhs.org
Huon:	PO Box 117 Huonville Tasmania 7109 vsbtas@ava.com.au
Launceston:	PO Box 1290 Launceston Tasmania 7250 ltntasfh@bigpond.com

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Contents

Editorial	2
President's Message	3
Annual General Meeting Agenda	4
<i>The Lower Courts In Tasmania in the 19th Century</i> , Stefan Petrow	5
<i>The Location of Nineteenth Century Tasmanian Gov. Schools</i> , Betty Jones	11
<i>The Link between Port Jackson, Norfolk Is. & VDL 1788-1814</i> , Irene Schaffer	15
<i>Launceston & Western Railway Co Ltd - 1870 - Shareholders</i>	17
<i>Strange Discovery, Launceston Examiner 1899</i>	24
<i>The Tasmanian Contingent (Boer War), Launceston Examiner 1899</i>	25
<i>The Kit List, Launceston Examiner 1899</i>	27
Help Wanted	30
New Members	32
New Members' Interests	33
Diary Notes	37
Quidnunc	38
<i>40th Battalion AIF</i> , Jim Rouse.....	39
<i>Tasmania and Denmark: An Anzac Connection</i> , Rodney Noonan	40
<i>A Passage from India—Anglo-Indians In Tasmania</i> , Shirley Foster	43
<i>Did Great Grand Dad work on the Rhyndaston Railway Tunnel?</i> , Richard Goold	46
<i>First Impressions Aren't Always Right</i> , Audrey Warner	51
<i>Excursion to Port Arthur in 1842, Tasmanian Journal of Natural Science</i>	52
<i>Wheeling And Dealing In Hard Times</i> , Allison Carins	56
<i>Captain Patrick Wood</i> , Shirley Foster.....	58
<i>Can We Believe All That We Read In An Obituary?</i> Maree Ring.....	59
Genes on Screen	62
Branch News and Acquisitions	63
Library Notes, Society Sales	72

Deadline dates for contributions: BY 1 January, 1 April, 1 July and 1 October

From the Editors

Somewhat of a military theme—comprising a group of interesting articles covering the involvement of Tasmanians in the Boer War; the 40th Battalion AIF; an ANZAC connection with Denmark and a fascinating account of former Anglo-Indian army men, including Captain Patrick Wood of *Dennistoun*, who settled in Tasmania.

The list of the new Branch officers and the committees for 2007/8 appear in the centre supplement. Congratulations to those willing to take on these responsibilities. Even so there are a few gaps! If you can help out in any capacity at your Branch, I'm sure that you will be warmly welcomed!

We have received an excellent lot of articles and glad to say that there were a few over for the September issue. But don't relax! We rely on YOU to keep *Tasmanian Ancestry* alive! We advise also, that Tasmania Notes will re-appear in September.

It is important to meet the deadlines—an article arriving a few days before is helpful and more likely to be included than those arriving, often days later!

Anita & Betty

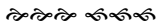
Journal Editors

Anita Swan and Betty Bissett

Journal address

PO Box 191, Launceston TAS 7250, or
email editors@tasfhs.org

*any other address may cause a delay in
reaching us*



Articles are welcomed in any format—handwritten, typed or word processed, on disk, on CD Rom, or by email. Disks and photographs will be returned on request.

We do ask that you **try limit the articles to 2,500 words maximum**, unless it is an **Index** which may be included in several issues.

Please note when sending material for the journal to use the address PO Box 191 or email editors@tasfhs.org.

**Deadline dates: BY 1 January, 1
April, 1 July and 1 October**

The opinions expressed in this journal are not necessarily those of the journal committee nor of the Tasmanian Family History Society Inc. Responsibility rests with the author of a submitted article, we do not intentionally print inaccurate information. The Society cannot vouch for the accuracy of offers for services or goods that appear in the journal, or be responsible for the outcome of any contract entered into with an advertiser. The editor reserves the right to edit, abridge or reject material.

If you wish to contact the author of an article in *Tasmanian Ancestry* please write care of the editor, enclosing a stamped envelope and your letter will be forwarded.

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Cover photo: Devonport Branch Library, 117 Gilbert St, Latrobe.

President's Message

The Tasmanian Family History Society Inc., is at present investigating the process involved to produce T.A.M.I.O.T (Tombstone and Memorial Inscriptions Of Tasmania) in CD-Rom format, at the moment we are still in the early stages. One of the main priorities is to use the facilities within Tasmania, we do realise of course that this is not always possible. T.A.M.I.O.T. is still available on Microfiche and many libraries use it in this format, but more Family History Centres and Genealogists now have computers, and a CD Rom would make the information more accessible for them. The Committee will keep you informed on the progress of this project.

The five branches have been in AGM mode, and at the time of writing the branches will have held their own AGMs—the State AGM will be held at 2.15pm on Saturday 16th June. Not only will there be a great program arranged by the Burnie Branch, the State will announce the results of several Awards:- TFHS Inc. Awards, Lillian Watson Family History Award, Journal Article award. The first Family Chart Competition will be awarded—don't forget that there will be a members' choice award! All in all, a very full and interesting weekend, I hope that many of you can manage to attend.

The Short Story Competition for 2008 was announced at last year's AGM and entries forms were distributed with the March 2007 journal. We hope that you have your entry well underway—if not pick up a form at any of the Branches or contact the Secretary at PO Box 191, Launceston TAS 7250 or by email.

Don't forget that membership to TFHS Inc. can now be paid by credit card. Facilities have been made available on the membership form to enable payment this way. Memberships using the facility, should be need to be forwarded to the State Treasurer to process.

Anita Swan.
State President.

Reminder!

Tasmanian Family History Society Inc. Annual General Meeting
Saturday 16th June 2007 at 2.15pm
TAFE Campus, Mooreville Road, Burnie

NOTICE OF MEETING

Notice is hereby given in accordance with Rule 14, that the

6th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
of the
Tasmanian Family History Society Inc.

is to be held on
Saturday 16th June, 2007

at the

TAFE Campus, Mooreville Road, Burnie

commencing at 2.15 pm

Voting is restricted to financial members of the Society and a current membership card may be required as proof of membership.

AGENDA

- 1 Welcome
- 2 Apologies
- 3 Presentation of the 2006 'Lilian Watson Family History Award'
4. Family Chart Completion Award
- 5 Presentation of TFHS Inc. Awards
6. Journal Article Competition Award
- 7 Read and confirm Minutes of the 2006 AGM
- 8 Business Arising
- 9 Reports
- 10 Election of Office Bearers and Endorsement of Branch Delegates
- 11 General Business:
 - I. 2008 Annual General Meeting, Tasmanian Family History Society Inc. — venue for 2008 is a Midland town.

Anita Swan
President.

The Lower Courts in Tasmania in the 19th Century

Stefan Petrow

On 15 March 1824 John Lewes Pedder arrived in Hobart Town with the Charter of Justice to establish the Supreme Court of Tasmania.¹ When he first sat on 10 May 1824, the Supreme Court of Tasmania became Australia's first Supreme Court, beating New South Wales by seven days. It superceded the Lieutenant-Governor's Court, which sat from 1816 to 1823 and mainly dealt with suits for the recovery of money or property to the value of £50.² By the *New South Wales Act* 1823 and separate Charters of Justice the two Supreme Courts were 'vested with many of the powers and functions exercised by the separate court systems in England dealing with common law and equity'.³ The two Supreme Courts were also granted ecclesiastical and admiralty jurisdictions to a certain degree. All the Judges appointed to the Tasmanian Supreme Court exercised all of the jurisdictions. The 1823 Act also declared that the Supreme Court would be 'at all times' a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, which meant that it had full jurisdiction to try criminal cases anywhere within Van Diemen's Land: for example, apart from Hobart, Launceston, and Oatlands, the court also sat at least once at Beaconsfield.⁴ The Charter of Justice was varied periodically by later statutes.

While the Supreme Court was the superior court in the colony, a number of other courts, based on English models, were authorized to be established under the Australian Courts Act 1828 and dealt with lesser offences in the nineteenth century. One of these was the Court of Quarter Sessions, formed by the Court and General Sessions Act 1830, with three magistrates or justices of the peace, which tried people who committed serious criminal offences, but not those where the death penalty could be imposed.⁵ Juries were available to the free, but convicts could be tried 'summarily' and could be given additional penalties, have their period of transportation extended or be sent to places of secondary punishment. Typical convict offences were insubordination, drunkenness, absconding and disobedience of orders.⁶ According to Castles, this court 'was just one more mark of a more broadly based toughening up in the treatment of transportees decreed by British officials' after the Bigge Report.⁷ The other court formed in 1830 under the Court of Requests Act, which provided a cheap and simple means of recovering small debts.⁸ This court was limited initially to the recovery of amounts up to £10. Cases above £10 went to the Supreme Court. The Court of Requests Act 1842 extended the jurisdiction of the court to deal with cases up to £30.

An important step in the way minor offences were punished came in 1827 when Lieutenant-Governor Arthur set up his much-feared police system and appointed paid magistrates to administer justice and manage the police, who were largely serving convicts.⁹ In the major areas of settlement Police Magistrates, and later in areas of lesser settlement Assistant Police Magistrates, were appointed. They heard cases at the Police Office and in the other courts. For some offences they could sit in the courts alone, but for more serious offences they had to sit with at least one lay magistrate, generally respectable and wealthy men, who received their commissions from the government. As Castles points out, the Police Magistrates played 'dominant roles in the ordering of legal affairs in their districts' and exercised 'central government authority'.¹⁰ Their appointment represented 'the rejection of a long-standing English tradition' of using lay justices, who were independent of

government, to deal with local legal disputes and had acted as an 'important constitutional check against tyrannical official behaviour'. Arthur preferred to appoint military men as Police Magistrates as they 'were used to obeying orders'.¹¹ He watched over the actions of these magistrates with an eagle eye and would dismiss those who abused their authority or upset him in one way or another.¹² Perhaps the best known case of removal was James Gordon, Police Magistrate of Richmond, who protested vigorously against Arthur's decision.¹³

Colonists often complained about the way they were treated by the convict police and the way magistrates seemed more inclined to believe the police rather than them.¹⁴ When self government came in 1856, wealthy colonists set about changing the local court system to weaken the power of the central government. The Courts of Requests and General and Quarter Sessions (usually sitting quarterly) remained, but wardens of the 19 rural municipalities became the senior local magistrates and held sittings with local lay magistrates, who were often local councillors.¹⁵ As the local municipalities also controlled the police, the distinction between judicial and executive functions was less clear-cut than it should have been. Wardens, Mayors and other Justices of the Peace had jurisdiction over all of Tasmania, but from early 1880s District Justices were also appointed for specific districts.¹⁶ Police Magistrates remained in some areas including Hobart, Launceston, Franklin, George Town, Stanley, Torquay and Wynyard. Both Wardens and Police Magistrates presided over the Court of Petty Sessions in their districts: these courts were similar to the Police Offices of the convict period and shouldered 'the bulk of magisterial work'.¹⁷ Justices in a district also held quarterly licensing meetings. Some Police Magistrates retained their offices after 1856, including the notorious Thomas Mason, a very loyal supporter of whatever administration was in power.¹⁸ He served as a magistrate for nearly fifty years. In addition to the term Police Magistrate the terms Stipendiary Magistrate and Visiting Magistrate were used, but all were paid by the central government.¹⁹ The Mayors of those cities presided over their own courts as well and the Commissioner for the Goldfields held his own hearings.

The Wardens and lay magistrates in rural areas were not always an improvement on police magistrates. These 'local political elites used their policing, executive and legislative powers to impose the dominant version of good order on emancipists', thereby continuing to impose on emancipists 'the kinds of controls' that had existed in the convict period.²⁰ On the other hand magistrates failed to enforce the law against their peers, especially when particular laws opened the door to central government interference with private property.²¹ In 1898 legislation was passed handing control over the police to the central government, but the magistrates remained in control of the courts in the municipalities.²²

In New South Wales there was a 'thicket of existing legislation to define the respective powers of "Courts of General Quarter Sessions", Courts of Petty Sessions and the single justice'.²³ This was also the case in Van Diemen's Land and we do not have the space here to discuss this complex legislative scene. The work of magistrates was considerably helped by a guide produced by Charles Rocher in 1839. It contained 'every offence cognisable' in Van Diemen's Land under English criminal law, except 'those amenable to summary jurisdiction' and the laws passed in the colony.²⁴ This work was updated in 1848.²⁵ In 1839 Rocher also produced a guide on the powers of justices of the peace.²⁶ In the second half of the

nineteenth century a complementary work was written by English-trained barrister A.H. Davis. He provided a summary of key acts and useful chapters on the work of justices generally and under the Small Debts Act.²⁷

Archival Sources

These lower courts were used by many Tasmanians to settle disputes over money, land, personal relations, master and servant matters as well as the police to prosecute convict and free who broke the law in various ways. The archival sources are patchy and valuable documents such as depositions (or the written testimony of those involved in a case) have not survived for most courts. The more useful in this regard are for particular periods Brighton, Campbell Town, Evandale, Hamilton, Hobart, Launceston, and Richmond, but the holdings are still relatively limited. Nonetheless, family history researchers who have used lower court records intensively to find the names of ancestors know how valuable they can be. The records that have survived are not often indexed and thus require much time to search, but are really indispensable sources as the local courts provided a cheap and quick way of settling disputes and were popular for that reason in the nineteenth century and beyond. The lower court records should be supplemented with the series for the police in different districts (see agency listing TA242) and even municipal council records. Many useful lower court and police archival records, mainly dealing with the period before 1856, are held in the Mitchell Library but the Archives Office of Tasmania does not appear to hold all the microfilms of those records found in what are called the Tasmanian Papers. Newspapers usually give coverage to the courts in Hobart and Launceston, but rarely to other courts, but it is always worth looking in newspapers for particular dates. The following list covers major series and includes dates after 1900 if the records fall into a continuous date range. To see the full date range and what other series have survived put the district and the term Lower Courts in the Archives Office of Tasmania online catalogue [at http://www.archives.tas.gov.au/database](http://www.archives.tas.gov.au/database) ●

Registrar's Record of Actions for the Recovery of Money in Minor Courts

Beaconsfield 1879-1966 LC33	Longford 1843-72, 1888-1960 LC357
Bothwell 1857-81, 1895-1947 LC46	New Norfolk 1840-73, 1893-1905 LC369
Burnie 1868-82, 1899-1933 LC62	Oatlands 1843-1936 LC383
Campbell Town 1830-1841, 1843-1964 LC75	Penguin 1886-1932 LC395
Clarence 1861-73, 1892-1957 LC98	Port Cygnet 1857-68, 1880-1937 LC403
Esperance 1857-68, 1880-1960 LC130	Portland 1885-1941 LC419
George Town 1868-1953 LC150	Queenstown 1897-1962 LC428
Glenorchy 1864-1962 LC170	Richmond 1842-56 LC441
Green Ponds 1859-1911 LC189	Ringarooma 1886-1965 LC452
Hamilton 1858-1929 LC198	Ross 1863-85 LC464
Hobart 1843-59, 1865-67, 1873-89, 1892-94 LC223	Spring Bay 1883-96 LC492
Huon 1857-68, 1880-1900 LC278	Ulverstone 1881-1911 LC504
Kingborough 1867-1953 LC296	Waratah 1881-82, 1886-1968 LC519
Latrobe 1880-1903 LC316	Wynyard 1872-1967 LC536
Launceston 1868-72, 1881-83, 1886-1914 LC337	Zeehan 1894-1909 LC549

Record of Cases Heard in Petty Sessions

Beaconsfield 1884-1979 LC38
 Bothwell 1847-62, 1889-1961 LC49
 Brighton 1830-1832, 1838-39, 1841-48,
 1853-62, 1887-1956 LC53
 Burnie 1876-1934 LC68
 Campbell Town 1835-38, 1840-45, 1847-
 1945 LC83
 Circular Head 1861-1958 LC96
 Clarence 1829-30, 1846-1964 LC104
 Deloraine 1846-1860, 1896-1906 LC114
 Derby 1888-1963 LC460
 Devonport 1890-1918 LC124
 Esperance 1854-1879 LC133
 Evandale 1841-43, 1854-1949 LC137
 George Town 1840-1978 LC156
 Glamorgan 1842-50, 1854-60 LC167
 Glenorchy 1864-1968 LC176
 Green Ponds 1837-38, 1846-77 LC194
 Hamilton 1833-1835, 1837-1930 LC208
 Hobart 1820-1981 (many gaps) LC247
 Huon 1868-1900 LC282
 Kentish 1890-1934 LC291
 Kingborough 1852-1968 LC304

Latrobe 1858-69, 1880-1951 LC328
 Launceston 1824-27, 1833-34, 1837-47
 LC346
 Lilydale 1889-1940 LC353
 Longford 1829-30, 1836-37, 1839-42, 1844-
 47, 1849-1980 LC362
 New Norfolk 1834-35, 1837-39, 1852-56,
 1871-79, 1886-1955 LC375
 Oatlands 1843-48, 1852-1981 LC390
 Port Cygnet 1854-95, 1899-1981 LC414
 Portland 1885-1946 LC421
 Queenstown 1897-1954 LC434
 Richmond 1838, 1841-46, 1846-49, 1851-88
 LC445
 Ross 1883-1936 LC467
 Sorell 1846-62 LC484
 Spring Bay 1855-1975 LC588
 Tasman Peninsula 1883-1976 LC611
 Ulverstone 1881-1937 LC514
 Waratah 1885-1968 LC525
 Westbury 1835-40, 1850-54 LC534
 Wynyard 1867-1978 LC543
 Zeehan 1892-1910 LC557

Record of Cases Heard in Petty Sessions

Beaconsfield 1884-1979 LC38
 Bothwell 1847-62, 1889-1961 LC49
 Brighton 1830-1832, 1838-39, 1841-48,
 1853-62, 1887-1956 LC53
 Burnie 1876-1934 LC68
 Campbell Town 1835-38, 1840-45, 1847-
 1945 LC83
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 Hobart 1820-1981 (many gaps) LC247
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 Kentish 1890-1934 LC291
 Kingborough 1852-1968 LC304

Latrobe 1858-69, 1880-1951 LC328
 Launceston 1824-27, 1833-34, 1837-47
 LC346
 Lilydale 1889-1940 LC353
 Longford 1829-30, 1836-37, 1839-42, 1844-
 47, 1849-1980 LC362
 New Norfolk 1834-35, 1837-39, 1852-56,
 1871-79, 1886-1955 LC375
 Oatlands 1843-48, 1852-1981 LC390
 Port Cygnet 1854-95, 1899-1981 LC414
 Portland 1885-1946 LC421
 Queenstown 1897-1954 LC434
 Richmond 1838, 1841-46, 1846-49, 1851-88
 LC445
 Ross 1883-1936 LC467
 Sorell 1846-62 LC484
 Spring Bay 1855-1975 LC588
 Tasman Peninsula 1883-1976 LC611
 Ulverstone 1881-1937 LC514
 Waratah 1885-1968 LC525
 Westbury 1835-40, 1850-54 LC534
 Wynyard 1867-1978 LC543
 Zeehan 1892-1910 LC557

Record of Proceedings in Quarter Sessions

Evandale 1857-67 AB230
 Hobart, New Norfolk, Richmond and Oatlands 1841-57 LC218

Minutes of Proceedings in Court of Requests

Hobart 1864-93 LC228

Kingborough 1868-92 LC295

Record of Actions for the Recovery of Money in Court of General Sessions

Brighton 1889-1916 LC57

Glamorgan 1862—1930 LC163

Register of Payment of Fees and Fines Levied in Court of Petty Sessions

Burnie 1884-1963 LC71

Clarence 1846-60 LC105

Fingal 1845-97 LC145

Hamilton 1855-1900 LC210

Hobart 1853-57, 1883-95 LC263

Huon 1859-89 LC592

Kentish 1884-89 LC292

Kingborough 1855-91 LC307

Latrobe 1880-1902 LC332

Longford 1862-65, 1882-95 LC364

New Norfolk 1851-70 LC378

Port Cygnet 1854-60, 1889 LC416

Strahan 1888-1908 LC502

Ulverstone 1886-89, 1892-1908 LC516

Waratah 1886-1952 LC528

Register of Fees Payable in Courts of Requests and General Sessions

Green Ponds 1859-78, 1896-1926 LC193

New Norfolk 1843-71, 1889-1957 LC372

Latrobe 1884-89 LC324

Port Cygnet 1854-67 LC410

Longford 1843-82, 1895-1922 LC360

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2. Alex C. Castles, 'The Vandiemonian Spirit and the Law', *Tasmanian Historical Research Association Papers and Proceedings*, vol. 38, nos. 3-4, 1991, p. 111.
3. Alex C. Castles, *An Australian Legal History*, Sydney: Law Book Company, 1982, p. 133.
4. Castles, *Australian Legal History*, p. 135: AOT SC 50.
5. Alex C. Castles, *Lawless Harvests or God Save the Judges: Van Diemen's Land 1803-55, A Legal History*, Melbourne: Australian Scholarly Publishing, 2007, pp. 117-18.
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8. Castles, *Lawless Harvests*, p. 118.
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12. Castles, *Lawless Harvests*, pp. 189-90.
13. See *The Correspondence Relating to the Resignation of Mr. Gordon as Police Magistrate at Richmond*, Hobart Town: The Colonist, 1832.
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16. A.H. Davis, *A Lawyer's Letters: A Popular Guide to Tasmanian Law*, Launceston: Aikenhead and Button, 1886, p. 148.
17. Davis, *Lawyer's Letters*, p. 153.
18. For his career see Thomas Mason, *The Reward of "Long and Faithful Service", (As Described by the Hon. The Attorney-General), Under the Government of Tasmania*, Launceston: The author, 1881.

19. *Walch's Tasmanian Almanac 1879*, pp. 67-8.
20. Breen, *Contested Places*, p. 131.
21. Breen, *Contested Places*, p. 143.
22. Stefan Petrow, 'Economy, Efficiency, and Impartiality: Police Centralisation in Nineteenth-Century Tasmania', *Australian and New Zealand Journal of Criminology* v. 31 (3) (1998), 242-66.
23. H. Golder, *High and Responsible Office: A History of the NSW Magistracy*, Sydney: Sydney University Press, 1991, p. 37.
24. Charles Rocher, *An Analysis of the Criminal Law of England as Applicable in This Colony*, Hobart Town: Elliston, 1839, Preface.
25. Charles Rocher, *Analysis of the Criminal Law of Van Diemen's Land*, Launceston: Dowling, 1848.
26. Charles Rocher, *An Analysis of the Summary Powers of Justices of the Peace Under the Penal Statutes of England in Force in This Colony*, Hobart Town: Elliston, 1839.
27. Davis, *Lawyer's Letters*, pp. 148-76.

Tasmanian Family History Society Inc.

2007 Lillian Watson Family History Award

for a **book** however produced or published on paper, dealing with family history and having **significant Tasmanian content**

Entries close: 1 December 2007

Further Information and entry forms available from
TFHS Inc. Branch Libraries or
PO Box 191, Launceston TAS 7250

The Location of Nineteenth Century Tasmanian Government Schools

Betty Jones (Member No 6032)

Before the introduction of organised school transport in Tasmania in the twentieth century, nearly every stable settlement with a population of at least ten children between the ages of six and thirteen eventually attracted a Government-aided school of some form, as long as it was more than two miles from an already established State school.

The following list indicates the location of all such nineteenth century schools (that I have been able to identify to date in the primary records) and their year of commencement with a Government-assisted teacher. Not all schools remained open, some closing permanently and some re-opening at later dates. And just to add to the confusion, a number changed their names. Forgive me when I tell you that I had not previously heard of all the place names mentioned.

It is of note that, in many settlements, privately offered schools had been in operation prior to, and after, the provision of a teacher by the Board of Education/Education Department. Those schools are not included in this list, but some can be sourced in the commercial almanacs of the period. ●

Sources:

AOT ref: CB3/1/3, AOT ref: CSO50/1-31, AOT ref: ED13/1-73 and AOT ref: ED45/1-2

Abbotsham	1875	Black Hills	1895	Burgess	1848
Adventure Bay	1894	Black River	1870	Burnie (Emu Bay)	1852
Alberton	1888	Black Snake	1821	Butleigh Hill	1899
Allanvale	1850	Black Sugar Loaf	1893	Calton Hill	1869
Anstey Barton	1856	Blessington	1891	Cambridge	1840
Antill Ponds	1872	Blue Tier	1887	Campania	1886
Apsley	1867	Bluff, The	1865	Campbell Street	1834
Apsley Meadows	1899	Bluff (Tanina)	1884	Campbell Town	1832
Argyle Street	1854	Blythe Road	1897	Cam (River)	1865
Avoca	1849	Boat Harbour	1888	Cam Road	1887
Back River	1823	Boobyalla	1889	Cape Barren Is.	1890
Bagdad	1833	Bothwell	1833	Carlton	1832
Bangor	1884	Boys' Training	1896	Carnarvon	1885
Barrington	1872	Bracknell	1866	Carrick	1850
Barrington Junction	1886	Branxholm	1885	Cascade Road	1850
Barton	1896	Breadalbane (Springs)	1834	Cascades	1882
Bathurst Street	1855	Bream Creek	1849	Castle Forbes Bay	1855
Battery Point	1859	Bridgenorth	1864	Castra Road	1871
Beaconsfield	1881	Bridgewater	1837	Catamaran	1889
Bellerive	1873	Brighton	1834	Caveside	1897
Beltana	1895	Brisbane Street	1852	Central, Night	1896
Bethesda	1850	Brisbane Street	1849	Central (Hobart)	1855
Beulah	1896	Broadmarsh	1853	Charles Street	1884
Bicheno	1896	Brookhead	1873	Cherry Tree Opening	1872
Birch's Bay	1856	Brook Lodge	1896	Chitty's Road	1888
Bishopsbourne	1849	Brookside	1877	Chudleigh	1864
Bismarck	1885	Brothers Home	1885	Claremont	1890
Black Bottom	1897	Brown's River	1836	Clarence Plains	1820
Black Brush	1820	Buckland	1881	Claude Road	1897

Cleveland	1865	Flowerpot	1897	Humphrey's River	1820
Cluan	1870	Flowery Gully	1891	Huon Road	1870
Coal River	1821	Forcett	1849	Hutton Park	1898
Colebrook (Dale)	1849	Forest	1849	Hythe	1897
Conara	1890	Formby	1859	Ida Bay	1890
Constitution Hill	1865	Forth	1849	Illawarra	1849
Corinna	1898	Frankford	1885	Impression Bay	1882
Cormiston	1876	Frankland St	1849	Inglewood	1879
Corners	1848	Franklin	1847	Invermay	1889
Cornwall	1888	Franklin Village	1849	Irish Town Circ. Head	1884
Cradoc	1891	Frederick Street	1835	Irish Town, Longford	1879
Cradoc Hill	1870	Furneaux Group	1864	Iveridge	1879
Cranbrook	1885	Gala Kirk	1852	Jericho	1861
Cressy	1840	Garden Is.Creek	1881	Jerusalem	1836
Cressy Road	1878	Gardner's Bay	1888	Jetsonville	1878
Cullenswood	1857	Geeveston	1884	Judd's Creek	1899
Davey Street	1857	George's Bay	1874	Kangaroo Point	1824
Deddington	1865	George Street	1850	Kangaroo Valley	1850
Deloraine	1849	George Town	1821	Karoola	1890
Devonport (West)	1890	German Town	1879	Kellevie	1879
Don	1872	Gladstone	1883	Kelly Street, Hobart	1850
Douglas River	1855	Glazier's Bay	1856	Kempton	1868
Dover	1876	Glen Dhu	1895	Kenmere	1887
Dromedary	1876	Glen Fern	1884	Kensington	1849
Dry Creek	1847	Glen Gala	1864	Kentishbury	1867
Duck River	1874	Glengarry	1876	Kettering	1892
Dulcot	1870	Glenora	1876	Kimberley	1898
Dulverton	1889	Glenorchy	1823	Kindred	1879
Dunalley	1885	Glenore	1869	Kingston	1868
Dundas	1893	Golconda	1897	Koonya	1888
Dunorlan	1875	Golden Valley	1870	Lachlan	1867
Dysart	1833	Gordon	1892	Lady Bay	1898
Early Rises	1870	Gormanston	1897	Lane's Tier	1871
East Devonport	1890	Goshen	1899	Langley	1872
Eastwood	1897	Goulburn Street	1849	Latrobe	1870
Ecclestone	1874	Gould's Country	1874	Launceston	1821
Elderslie	1864	Gravelly Beach	1850	Lebrina	1891
Elizabeth St, L'ton	1859	Gray	1887	Lefroy	1877
Ellendale	1880	Green Point	1860	Leprena	1899
Ellerslie	1872	Green Ponds	1831	Lightwood Bottom	1860
Ellesmere	1868	Green's Creek	1877	Lilydale	1875
Enfield	1877	Hadspen	1844	Lisdillon	1861
English Town	1882	Hagley	1855	Lisle	1884
Epping	1879	Hamilton	1834	Lisle Road	1899
Evandale	1834	Harford	1896	Little Swanport	1851
Exton	1857	Harrington Street	1849	Liverpool	1868
Falls	1875	Hastings	1875	Liverpool Street	1822
Falmouth	1875	Hermitage	1859	Llewellyn	1899
Fentonbury	1884	High Peak	1898	Long Bay, Carnarvon	1890
Fenton Forest	1848	Hobart Town	1817	Long Bay, Middleton	1848
Fern Bank	1876	Hobart Town, RC	1833	Longford	1829
Ferndale	1896	Hollow Tree	1853	Longley	1874
Fingal	1856	Howell	1893	Lottah	1896
Flight's Bay	1853	Honeywood	1861	Lovett	1898
Flowerdale	1882	Hospital Bay	1855	Lower Barrington	1899

Lower Carlton	1895	North Bridgewater	1881	Ravenswood	1881
Lower Jerusalem	1861	North Bruny	1869	Recherche	1880
Lower Longley	1888	Northdown	1861	Red Hills	1864
Lower Patersonia	1888	North Lymington	1888	Reedy Hills	1855
Lower Piper's River	1884	North Motton	1877	Reedy Marsh	1870
Lower Sandy Bay	1833	North Scottsdale	1894	Rhyndaston	1886
(Lwr) Turners' Marsh	1870	North West Bay	1849	Riana	1899
Low Head	1865	Nubeena	1889	Richmond	1832
Lucaston	1899	Nugent	1883	Ridgeway	1888
Lymington	1852	Oatlands	1833	Ringarooma	1880
Macquarie Plains	1857	O'Brien's Bridge	1849	Ringville	1898
Macquarie Street	1850	Old Beach	1823	Risdon	1884
Macquarie St, Free	1869	Orford	1892	Riversdale	1898
Maitland	1857	Orielton	1849	Rocky Cape	1880
Mangana	1867	Orphan Schools	1828	Rocky Creek	1891
Margaret St, L'ton	1849	Osterley	1892	Rocky Hills	1852
Margate	1869	Ouse (Bridge)	1847	Rokeyby	1860
Maria Island	1886	Oxford	1897	Romaine	1890
Maryborough	1889	Oyster Cove	1857	Rosebery	1899
Mathinna	1872	Paloona	1899	Rose Vale	1871
Maurice	1883	Paradise	1889	Ross	1833
McRae's Hills	1849	Parattah	1885	Rubicon Bridge	1889
Melrose	1886	Parcoe	1854	St Davids	1836
Melton	1899	Park	1870	St Georges	1837
Melville Street	1852	Parkham	1882	St Helens	1889
Middleton	1892	Pateena	1888	St James's	1850
Mole Creek	1878	Patersonia	1886	St John's, Hobart	1849
Molesworth	1881	Patersons Plains	1840	St John's, L'ton	1849
Mona Vale	1856	Pelham	1894	St Joseph's, Hobart	1849
Montagu	1870	Penguin (Creek)	1869	St Joseph's, L'ton	1854
Monto's Marsh	1875	Penitentiary	1836	St Leonards	1855
Moorina	1881	Peppermint Bay	1871	St Marys	1857
Mountain River	1885	Perth	1833	St Michaels	1864
Mountain Vale	1869	Pine Road	1890	St Patrick's River	1890
Mt Hicks	1895	Pittwater	1820	Sandfly (Road)	1884
Mt Lloyd	1893	Plenty	1823	Sandford	1885
Mt Nicholas	1890	Pontville	1849	Sassafras	1867
Mt Seymour	1863	Port Arthur	1846	Saundridge	1877
Muddy Plains	1837	Port Cygnet	1846	Scamander	1895
Murray Street	1852	Port Dalrymple	1820	Scottsdale	1888
Myrtle Bank	1897	Port Esperance	1856	Selbourne	1885
Narrows	1871	Prosser's Bay	1868	Seymour	1895
Native Corners	1848	Prosser's Plains	1850	Sheffield	1875
Native Tier	1885	Pyengana	1889	Shipwright's Point	1854
New Ground	1872	Quamby Bend	1860	Sidmouth	1883
Newnham	1855	Queenborough	1857	Silver Mines	1865
New Norfolk	1819	Queens	1840	Sisters' Creek	1895
New River	1893	Queenstown, Westbury	1857	Sleight's Bay	1857
New Town	1837	Queenstown, W. Coast	1896	Smithton	1885
Nicholls' Rivulet	1881			Snug	1850
Nine Mile	1898	Railton	1880	Somerset	1865
Nine Mile Springs	1877	Ralph's Bay	1821	Sorell	1821
Nook	1880	Raminea	1877	Sorell Creek	1836
Norfolk Plains	1821	Ramsgate	1865	South Arm	1855
Northam	1859	Ranelagh	1896	South Bridgewater	1882

South Lymington	1890	Tea Tree	1823	Waterloo Point	1850
Southport	1877	Tedworth	1898	Wattle Grove	1864
South Road, Forest	1868	Thirlstane	1891	Wattle Hill	1869
Sprent	1891	Thomas' Plains	1880	Weldborough	1886
Spreyton	1885	Three Hut Point	1860	Wesley Vale	1899
Spring Bay	1852	Ticehurst	1895	Westbury	1835
Spring Cottage	1864	Tongataboo	1885	West Devonport	1890
Springfield	1881	Torquay	1857	Western Creek	1892
Spring Hill Bottom	1853	Triabunna	1850	West Kentish	1885
Springs, The	1834	Trinity Hill	1849	West Meander	1891
Stanley	1849	Trinity, L'ton	1849	West Pine (Road)	1895
Steppes	1890	Tunbridge	1867	West Scottsdale	1888
Stirling	1899	Tunnack	1856	West Tamar	1848
Stoodley	1889	Ulverstone	1870	Westwood	1872
Stowport	1896	Underwood	1884	West Zeehan	1892
Strahan	1891	Upper Castra	1894	Whiteford	1887
Strathblane	1858	Upper Davey St	1857	White Hills	1850
Strahan	1890	Upper Huon	1880	Whitemore	1862
Sulphur Creek	1877	Upper Liffey	1884	Williamsford	1899
Surges Bay	1883	Upper Macquarie St	1858	Winkleigh	1866
Swan Bay	1890	Upper Mountain	1899	Woodbridge	1892
Swansea	1849	Upper Piper's River	1870	Woodsdale	1844
Swanton	1858	Upper Tea Tree	1889	Wynyard	1871
Symond's Bay	1871	Upper Wilmot	1899	Yarlington	1899
Table Cape	1856	Uxbridge	1887	York Plains	1896
Taranna	1892	Victoria	1854	Young Town	1887
Tarleton	1858	Waratah	1878	Zeehan	1891
Taylor's Bay	1869	Watchorn Street	1863		

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The Link between Port Jackson, Norfolk Island and Van Diemen's Land 1788-1814

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With the arrival of the First Fleet at Port Jackson in 1788 Governor Phillip saw the need to dispatch a founding party of twenty-three people under the command of Lieut. P.G. KING to Norfolk Island on the *Supply*. The party consisted of Lieut. BALL, midshipman CUNNINGHAM, Surgeon JAMINSON, Assistant Surgeon ALTREE, supported by two marines and two seamen, also 6 female and 9 male convicts.¹ Special care was taken in selecting the men and women convicts. Six were later to play an important role in the fledging colony of Van Diemen's Land, Edward GARTH, JOHN MORTIMER, Noah Mortimer, Edward WESTLAKE, Olive GASCOIGNE and Susan GOUGH (Garth)

The *Supply* arrived at Norfolk Island on 28 February 1788 and after dispatching Lieut. King the ship returned to Port Jackson. The next ship to arrive on the island was the *Golden Grove* with supplies, leaving a further 46 persons. The island population continued to grow with the arrival of the *Sirius* and the *Supply* in March 1790. Unfortunately the *Sirius* was wrecked while unloading stores and the island's population was immediately increased with an extra 275 inhabitants.

Over the next twenty-four years many convicts and soldiers were sent to the island where they married and raised their children. They were to meet many difficulties, as when the whole population, who was starving, was saved when the mutton-birds arrived on the island during their migration. In the coming years many of these families did extremely well on their farms.

As early as 1790 the British Government was questioning the viability of Norfolk Island and ordered its closure. Lieutenant-Governor GROSE warned Captain HUNTER that the island would be abandoned.² This information was not well received by the population; most of whom were now free by servitude, and the thought of being moved and having to start again was not welcome.

In 1803 it was announced that Lieut. John BOWEN would succeed Major FOVEAUX as Governor of Norfolk Island; this was soon changed when it was decided that Bowen would go to Risdon Cove. The Government again attempted to move the people from the island, and a list of names was drawn up for Governor King's approval in 1804 for those wishing to go to VDL. Forty-one men put their names forward, expecting to be sent to Port Dalrymple. This list contained names like James BELBIN, Edward FISHER, Thomas KIDNER, Hugh MCGINNESS, William STANFIELD, James MORRISBY etc.³

If these settlers had gone to Port Dalrymple, then the structure of Tasmania could have been quite different. Many of those names would later become prominent citizens in the south, and it is possible that Launceston could have had a Fisher Avenue as Sandy Bay does today.

By the year 1806 the Governor's patience was wearing thin as only 5 settlers had left Norfolk Island to settle at Port Dalrymple.

In a dispatch from Governor BLIGH in 1807 Governor COLLINS in Hobart Town was instructed to prepare for 293 settlers from Norfolk Island. Instead he received 568 between November 1807 and October 1808. During this time Collins was

having a difficult time, his stores were low, the crops that were planted had not fulfilled his expectations; and the town was starving. As it had been on Norfolk Island when the mutton-birds saved the island from starvation, so did the kangaroos in Hobart Town.

The Lady Nelson was the first ship to leave Norfolk Island in 1807, arriving in Hobart Town with 43 passengers, taking nineteen days to complete the voyage. The *Porpoise*, *Lady Nelson*, *Estamina*, and *City of Edinburgh* carried out further embarkations in 1808. The *Lady Nelson* and *the Minstrel* sailed to Port Dalrymple in 1813.⁴

When the settlers arrived in Hobart Town they found the stores were in short supply, making the task almost impossible to feed and clothe them.

The arrival of these people did however make a vast difference to the new settlement, in bringing not only new blood, but also many young people of marriageable age, who would over the next few years marry members of the Collins party.⁵

The Norfolk Islanders settled in New Town, Sandy Bay, Clarence Plains, and New Norfolk. Those that came later in 1813 to the north, went to Norfolk Plains (Longford).

Early Historians covered this period of both Norfolk Island and Van Diemen's Land with almost indifference. Very few books have been written about the embarkation or the people who were to change the course of early Tasmania. It has only been in the last fifteen years that we have seen authors take up this cause—Reg. WRIGHT and Raymond NOBBS being the first.

The part the *Lady Nelson* played has also been neglected; most books refer to her arrival and sailing through Bass Strait, and the discovery of Port Phillip and Newcastle. But between 1807 and 1814 her role in the settlement of VDL was almost completely disregarded. ●

References

1. Wright. Reg, *The Forgotten Generation of Norfolk Island and VDL*. 1986
2. Nobbs. R. *Norfolk Island and its first Settlement 1788-1814*. 1988
3. Bonwick Papers, box 3 p.p. 509-10, AB 694 AOT
4. Schaffer. I, McKay. T, *Exiled Three Times Over*. 1991
5. There were 36 wives who accompanied their husbands (both free and convicts) with Collins in 1804 with a total of 39 children. The Norfolk Islanders arrived with 62 women and 219 children. Ten women went to Port Dalrymple and 25 children.

Norfolk Island & Van Diemen's Land Bicentenary

A get together is planned for the descendants of those who arrived in Van Diemen's Land from Norfolk Island between 1807-1813, will be held at the Hobart City Hall on 29 March 2008. Those wishing to avail themselves of a place to display their family history or History Groups to sell their books please contact:

Irene Schaffer 03 62 722 124 or email schafferi@optusnet.com.au.

Irene's Website: <http://members.optusnet.com.au/~schafferi>

Launceston & Western Railway Co Ltd - 1870

Shareholders - LCS PQ 385.09946 LAU, Launceston & Western Railway
18/8/1988 RLAU 12969925

List comprised 2,288 Shares of \$40 each, representing a sum of \$91,520. This money was raised prior to the company being registered on 9/5/1867

Name of Shareholder	Occupation	Residence	No
Abbott , William	Watchmaker	Launceston	2
Abey, William	Carpenter	Deloraine	1
Ackerman, Edward	Ship Chandler	Launceston	1
Adams, E P	Minister	Deloraine	1
Aitkenhead, James	Secretary	Launceston	10
Allen, W H	Watchmaker	Launceston	1
Archer, John Kinder	Carrick Mills	Carrick	50
Archer, T K	Farmer	Deloraine	15
Archer, William	Gentleman	Cheshunt	25
Archer, William	Gentleman	Brickendon	20
Atkins, Thomas R	Surveyor	Launceston	5
Atkinson, John	Freeholder	Launceston	10
Ayre, R M	Farmer	Quamby	5
Badcock , John Jnr	Farmer	Hagley	2
Barrett, John	Timber Merchant	Launceston	3
Barton, Henry	?	Westbury	1
Barton, W H	?	Longford	1
Bass, Thomas	Outfitter	Launceston	1
Beaumont, Joshua	Baker	Launceston	2
Beecroft, William	Veterinary Surgeon	Launceston	2
Bell, W T	Auctioneer	Launceston	10
Bellion, James	Boat Builder	Launceston	1
Belstead, Francis	Council Clerk	Westbury	1
Bennell, James	Painter	Launceston	3
Bennett, Samuel	Draper	Launceston	1
Beveridge, William	Farmer	Hagley	5
Birchall, A W	Stationer	Launceston	2
Blackburn, John	Engineer	Launceston	1
Boag, James	Brewer	Launceston	1
Bonnilly, William	Farmer	Deloraine	5
Bonnilly, William, Jnr	Farmer	Deloraine	2
Bowen, Samuel	Farmer	Cape Portland	5
Brash, William	Turner	Launceston	1
Brean, Michael	Farmer	Hagley	1
Bricknell, Charles	Farmer	Longford	5
Briggs, Isiaih	Harness Maker	Longford	1
Brooke, W A	Minister, CofE	Launceston	5
Brooks, Edward	Grocer	Launceston	10
Brumby, George P	Freeholder	Longford	1
Butler, George P	Freeholder	Longford	5
Button, Edward	Solicitor	Launceston	5
Button, Frederick	Tanner	Launceston	2

Button, Henry	Printer	Launceston	5
Button, W S	Merchant	Launceston	25
Calvert , C C	Chemist	Hobart Town	5
Campion, B W	Solicitor	Launceston	5
Castley, James	Ironmonger	Launceston	12
Cawe, Edward	Butcher & Freeholder	Launceston	5
Clarke, John	Brewer	Longford	5
Cohen, Lewis	Auctioneer	Launceston	3
Collins, George & Emma Drew	?- per Sams & Dowling, Trustees	Launceston	15
Collins, George	Solicitor	Launceston	30
Collins, William A	Solicitor	Launceston	5
Cox, William	Farmer	Deloraine	2
Craig, James	Mechanic	Launceston	1
Croft, Henry	Coach Builder	Launceston	3
Croft, C G	Tailor	Launceston	2
Crookes,	Merchant	Launceston	100
Crookes,	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	2
Croome, George	Tanner	Perth	1
Crow, Benjamin	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	2
Curry, James	Butcher	Launceston	1
Davey , W R	Jeweller	Launceston	3
Davies, Jams	Blacksmith	Launceston	2
Dean, W B	Baker	Launceston	2
Dean, William	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	2
Dawon, William	Grocer	Launceston	2
De Little, Robert	Gentleman	Launceston	25
Ditcham, E L	Merchant	Launceston	10
Dix, R P	Chemist	Launceston	1
Dodery, George	Farmer	Cressy	50
Douglas, Henry	Wardfen	Deloraine	10
Douglas, R H	Merchant	Westbury	5
Dowie, H B	Storekeeper	Evandale	3
Dowling, H P	Farmer	Perth	10
Dowling, Henry	Bank Actuary	Launceston	80
Doyle, John	Fruit Merchant	Launceston	1
Doyne, W T	Civil Engineer	Melbourne	125
Dunning, Mary	Draper	Launceston	5
Drew, Kate	?	Launceston	15
Drysdale, John	Builder	Launceston	8
East William	Brewer	Perth	5
Edgcombe, Henry	Freeholder	Launceston	5
Edginton, Thomas	Storekeeper	Launceston	5
Edwards, Charles	Farmer	Longford	1
Ellis, John	Timber Merchant	Launceston	2
Ewing, R K	Presbyterian Minister	Launceston	1
Fairthorne , Landon	Chemist	Launceston	1
Farrelly, M J	Draper	Launceston	5
Farrelly, B P	Draper	Launceston	5

Fawns, John	Brewer	Launceston	25
Fish, James	Bootmaker	Launceston	2
Fisher, George	Merchant	Launceston	10
Flude, Thomas	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	3
Fowler, Alexander	Farmer	Dunorlan	5
Fowler, Betsy	Farmer	Dunorlan	5
Frances, John	Builder	Launceston	5
Frankel, Simeon	Auctioneer	Launceston	3
French, James	Painter	Launceston	2
French, John	Farmer	Hagley	2
French, Samuel	Freeholder	Whitemoor	10
Fysh, F L	Merchant	Launceston	10
Gamble, H	Chemist	Westbury	5
Gaunt, Mathias	Merchant	Launceston	10
Gibbons, Edward	Butcher	Launceston	1
Gibson, William	Gentleman	Perth	50
Gillmore, George	Gentleman	Launceston	20
Gladman, G H	Accountant	Launceston	5
Goodwin, Edwin	Butcher	Launceston	3
Gould, Thomas	Freeholder	Launceston	2
Green, A J	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	5
Green, James	Freeholder & Farmer	Bishopsbourne	10
Green, Richard	Merchant	Launceston	10
Griffiths, Thomas	Brewer	Launceston	50
Grigg, Josh	Carpenter	Deloraine	2
Grigg, John	Carpenter	Deloraine	2
Grigg, W H	Carpenter	Deloraine	1
Grubb, W D	Solicitor	Newnham	50
Gunn, R T	Merchant	Launceston	5
Gurr, William	Ship Chandler	Launceston	1
Hadfield, J S	Draper	Launceston	5
Hallington, John	Butcher	Launceston	2
Harrap, Alfred	Merchant	Launceston	10
Harrap, E D	VDL Bank Cashier	Launceston	1
Harris, W B	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	1
Harris, Robert	Newspaper Proprietor	Launceston	3
Hart, Anthony	Grocer	Launceston	3
Hart, John	Merchant	Deloraine	10
Hart, William	Ironmonger	Launceston	10
Hartnoll, William	Freeholder	Evandale	20
Hartnoll William Jnr	Storekeeper	Longford	2
Hatton, J D	Chemist	Launceston	5
Heazlewood, William	Freeholder	Whitemoor	5
Heazlewood, Sarah	Freeholder	Whitemoor	10
Higgs, Joshua	Farmer	Chudleigh	2
Hingston, John	Farmer	Exton	2
Hingston, William J	Farmer	Whitemoor	2
Hobkirk, J F	Office Assignee	Launceston	10
Hogg, James	Farmer	Hagley	5

Holloway, T	Farmer	Hagley	2
Home, R C D	Farmer	Hagley	10
Home, R C D & RM Ayre	Trustees	Hagley	125
Hopkins, E	Draper	Launceston	2
Horder, George	Butcher	Launceston	2
Horne, A J	Freeholder	Cressy	25
Horne, J D	Miller	Deloraine	5
Horne, Lesley	Farmer	Deloraine	5
Horne, R G	Farmer	Deloraine	5
How, James	Farmer	Chudleigh	1
Hubbard, George	Grocer	Launceston	2
Hudson, John	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	1
Hudson, J J	Stationer	Launceston	5
Hudson, George P	Merchant	Launceston	30
Hutchinson, William	Butcher	Launceston	1
Hutchinson, H S	Police Clerk	Longford	2
Hutley, William	Engineer	Launceston	1
Hyrons, John	Licensed Victualler	Longford	7
Hyrons, Benjamin	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	5
Illman , John	Seed Merchant	Launceston	1
Ingram, George	Brewer	Perth	2
Jones, Robert	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	2
Jones, Thomas	Dealer	Launceston	2
Johnstone, William	Merchant	Launceston	10
Joscelyne, Samuel	Cabinet Maker	Launceston	2
Kent , H J	Engraver & Stonecutter	Launceston	2
Kenworthy, Robert	Agent	Launceston	1
Kent, Charles	Customs Officer	Launceston	2
Kermode, William	Gentleman	Ross	50
Knight, W H	Engineer	Launceston	5
Knowles, Thomas	Freeholder	Launceston	5
Lager , John	Draper	Launceston	3
Laird, Henry	Farmer	Hagley	10
Lane, William	Butcher	Launceston	3
Laws, Horace	Chemist	Launceston	5
Laws, H W	Chemist	Deloraine	5
Legge, R V	Freeholder	Cullenswood	5
Levings, James	Farmer	Dunorlan	3
Levings, James	Farmer	Dunorlan	3
Levy, G B	Draper	Launceston	2
Ley, James	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	1
Lilley, James	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	10
Luckhurst, G H	Accountant	Launceston	1
Mahoney , Miles	Sub Inspector of Police	Westbury	1
Marsh, J H	Clerk	Launceston	1
Marlow, Robert	Freeholder	George Town	3
Martin, James	Bookbinder	Launceston	1
Martini, F	Freeholder	Launceston	5
Mason, Alfred N	Minister of Religion	Carrick	5

Mayor, James	Engineer	Christ Church	20
Miller, J L	Surgeon	Launceston	1
Mills, Peter	Architect	Launceston	4
Munro, Murdoch	Baker	Launceston	1
Montgomery, Samuel	Farmer	Westbury	10
Montgomery, Samuel Jnr	Farmer	Hagley	2
Montgomery, Robert	Farmer	Hagley	2
Mrooision, William	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	5
Motton, W	Innkeeper	Exton	2
Munce, R H	Farmer	Deloraine	5
Murphy, John	Draper	Launceston	7
McBain, D	Mechanic	Launceston	1
McCormick, John	Blacksmith	Westbury	2
McEachern, R W	Accountant	Launceston	2
McLoughlin, James	Grocer	Launceston	1
McMahon, Joseph	?	Launceston	2
McNee, James	Dealer	Launceston	1
Nairn , James	Wheelwright	Deloraine	2
Newey, Robert	Dealer	Launceston	1
Nickolls, H B	Storekeeper	Longford	10
Noake, E	Brewer	Longford	10
Norwood, W J	Agent	Launceston	5
Oldaker , W H	Farmer	Hagley	3
Oliver, William	Farmer	Dunorland	1
Overell, J J	Draper	Launceston	5
O'Keefe, D Jnr	Farmer	Perth	2
O'Reilly, F P	Draper	Launceston	1
Parker , J G	Gentleman	Parknook	5
Parkinson, W H	Butcher	Longford	2
Parry, David	Blacksmith	Hagley	2
Pearson, George	Licensed Victualler	Bishopsbourne	5
Peckett, Daniel	Farmer	Chudleigh	4
Peter, William	Iron Founder	Launceston	3
Phillips, James	Farmer	Deloraine	5
Pitt, William	Farmer	Longford	5
Poole, R Z	Warehouseman	Launceston	5
Porter John	Accountant	Launceston	2
Powell, Richard	Butcher	Launceston	2
Price, Charles	Independent Minister	Launceston	1
Price, R H	Grocer	Launceston	2
Pullen George	Clerk	Launceston	5
Pullen George	Schoolmaster	Exton	4
Pullen Thomas	Blacksmith	Westbury	2
Ralph , Daniel	Innkeeper	Carrick	2
Rankin, John	Livery Stable Keeper	Schoolmaster	5
Rankin, William	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	1
Ready, F H	Storekeeper	Westbury	2
Ridley, Shepherd	Soap & Candle maker	Launceston	2
Ritchie, George	?	Longford	5

Ritchie, Thomas	Miller	Longford	25
Ritchie, William	Solicitor	Launceston	10
Roberts, James	Grocer	Launceston	2
Roberts, J M	Farmer	Chudleigh	5
Roberts, J W	Storekeeper	Westbury	2
Robertson, David	Farmer	Elizabeth Town	2
Robertson, James	Farmer	Exton	2
Robertson, James	Merchant	Launceston	50
Rock, D	Surgeon	Deloraine	5
Rooke, A F	Brewer	'Retreat' Deloraine	25
Room, Daniel	Draper	Launceston	4
Ross, James	Farmer	Bishopsbourne	10
Russell, R	Presbyterian Minister	Evandale	5
Russell, William	Licensed Victualler	Perth	5
Sage , Robert	Timber Merchant	Launceston	40
Scott, George	Farmer	Hagley	5
Scott, George Jnr	Farmer	Hagley	2
Sharp, Thomas	Music Teacher	Launceston	2
Sharp, William	Music Teacher	Launceston	2
Shields, George	Ship Smith	Launceston	1
Shorey, Samuel	Freeholder	Deloraine	5
Simmons, J W	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	2
Simmons, M	Innkeeper	Westbury	3
Simpson, A	Jeweller	Launceston	1
Simpson, John	Cabinet Maker	Launceston	1
Skilly, William	Draper	Launceston	2
Slater, G P	Miller	Deloraine	1
Smith, Edward	Freeholder	Westbury	5
Smith, James H	Warehouseman	Launceston	5
Smith, James Hood	Warehouseman	Launceston	10
Smith, J L	?	Longford	5
Smith, John	Storekeeper	Longford	1
Smith, Thomas	Butcher	Launceston	1
Smith, William	Wheelwright	Westbury	2
Smith, W	Farmer	Westbury	1
Spencer, Edward	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	1
Spicer, F B	Chemist	Launceston	5
Stephenson, John	Printer	Launceston	2
Sutton, S J	Baker	Launceston	1
Tankard Mathew	Farmer	Launceston	5
Thom, William	Master Mariner	Launceston	2
Thomas, Thomas W	Draper	Launceston	10
Thompson, Alexander	Stationery	Launceston	1
Thompson, J J	Freeholder	Launceston	5
Thornton, Joseph	?	Longford	2
Toosey, J D	Farmer	Launceston	5
Torrance, Robert	Ironmonger	Launceston	5
Turner, H	Farmer	Perth	2
Turner, William	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	3

Turner, William	Tanner	Launceston	6
Tyson, Mathew	Freeholder	Launceston	5
Tyson, William	Builder	Launceston	5
Vaughan , George	Baker	Launceston	2
Wade , W R	Licensed Victualler	Launceston	1
Walch, J	Stationer	Hobart Town	12
Walker, Mary	Farmer	Hagley	5
Walker, Michael	Farmer	Exton	10
Walters, Charles	Farmer	Chudleigh	1
Walters, William	Farmer	Chudleigh	1
Webb, William	Farmer	Longford	5
Webster, Alexander	Ironmonger	Launceston	25
Weedon, C J	Auctioneer	Launceston	20
Weetman, C J	Representative, Merchant	Launceston	2
White, W W	Warehouseman	Launceston	20
Wigan, Arthur	Farmer	Wesley Vale	4
Williams, E P	Shopkeeper	Carrick	1
Williams, Henry	Farmer	Deloraine	3
Williams, James	Freeholder	Launceston	3
Williams, John	Shopkeeper	Longford	5
Williamson, Caleb	Draper	Launceston	10
Willis, R h	Collector of Customs	Launceston	1
Woodgate, W R	Grocer	Launceston	3
Woolfsen, J	Shopkeeper	Launceston	1
Woolnough, William	Storekeeper	Exton	2
Wright, John	Shopkeeper	Longford	5
Wright, William	Freeholder	Cressy	5
Wright, William	Painter	Launceston	1
Wyatt, William	Farmer	Dunorlan	5

New Access Policy (*Vic List*, March 2007)

The Victorian Registry of Births, Deaths and Marriages will release a new Access Policy later this year.

Specific to family historians, the new access policy will state that the restriction period for **Birth** records will increase from 75 years to 100 years. Restriction periods for death and marriage records will remain unchanged, 10 years and 60 years respectively. The new policy was to be introduced from 2 April 2007 but this has been delayed following some pressure from the family history industry (including the AIGS) who felt that this was insufficient time. ●

A Strange Discovery

Launceston Examiner, 2 October, 1899, p8 c2

The removal of bodies from Point Gellibrand, one of the earliest burial grounds in Victoria, to the Williamstown Cemetery is proving a larger undertaking than had been expected. The Railway Department's estimate of the number of bodies interred there, after making careful enquiries, was 200; the number so far removed is over 700, and about 100 more still remain to be exhumed.

As might be expected (says the *Age*) the condition of the bodies is invariably in harmony with the rude surroundings of the place, and the circumstances under which these early interments took place. It has been a common thing to find bodies thrown into their graves with their clothes, and even their boots, on. In some cases even the coffin was dispensed with, and the remains of two or three prisoners were found in irons.

In contrast to this, a startling discovery was made in opening a grave last week. Instead of the ordinary broken fragment of rotten board, an entire coffin was found in a perfectly sound condition. It was as though it had only been a few months under ground, and tools had to be used in order to wrench open the lid. When this was done, the workmen beheld the body of a young woman, wrapped in a winding sheet, in as perfect a state of preservation as if it had not been interred for 10 days.

As no interment has been permitted at Point Gellibrand since 1857, it was at once apparent that the body had been preserved; but it seemed incredible that it should have been so remarkably well done, even the hair and the teeth remaining intact, whilst the body was perfectly firm and rigid. The coffin was made of American ash, and had been hermetically sealed, the joints having been pine pitched and dove-tailed, and the coffin lined with oilcloth. The body was embalmed in spirits, and packed in teased hemp. The coffin was inspected by Dr GRESSWELL. It seems quite evident that the death took place on board ship, and that the body was preserved and taken ashore for interment.

The only other traces of pathetic interest that remain are a gold rimmed smelling salts bottle, interred with a little child; the body of Mary REDDAN, aged 29 years, and interred in an elaborate brick vault, and that of a convict, whose last smoke having been indulged in, was buried in his clothes and boots, accompanied by his pipe and half a pipeful of tobacco. ●

T.A.M.I.O.T and eHeritage

<http://eheritage.statelibrary.tas.gov.au/> click on "Monuments and Historic Sites"

... To access transcriptions of the headstones surviving in some 800 cemeteries around Tasmania; held by the five Branches around the State: Burnie, Devonport, Hobart, Huon and Launceston.

Cemeteries are arranged by municipality and alphabetically.

T.A.M.I.O.T. fiche are available for purchase from

TFHS Inc. PO Box 191, Launceston TAS 7250,

and images are available for purchase from the branches

The Tasmanian Contingent (Boer War)

Launceston Examiner, 1 Nov, 1899, p6 c6 & p7 c1

Scenes at the send-off

We publish today a series of illustrations, reproduced from photographs, of the most striking features connected with the departure of the Tasmanian contingent for the front. It was an historic day, and the scene one that will remain indelibly engraven upon the mind of all who were its witnesses. For the information of those absent friends to whom doubtless many of these supplements will be forwarded, it may be explained that the contingent numbers eighty men, and was commanded by Captain Cyril CAMERON. It was a voluntary offer from the Government, parliament and people made as an earnest of Tasmania's staunch desire to take her part in Greater Britain's imperial destinies and accepted by the home authorities in the spirit in which the venture was launched. The eighty men were selected from a large number of volunteers and had a week's hard drilling in barracks at Hobart ere they sailed.

Early on Friday morning last they left Hobart by special train, arriving in Launceston, after a triumphal progress along the line shortly after noon. Here some of their comrades-in-arms met them, the whole body of 900 marching to the Albert Hall, where the Mayor, Alderman PANTON, banqueted the contingent and the local officers and the citizens lunched the rest. That over, the troops paraded in the City Park, where Mesdames COLLINS, wife of the Minister of Defence (Hon G T COLLINS, MLC) and MARTIN, wife of Lieut-Colonel MARTIN, officer commanding the Second Battalion, presented the contingent with a flag for their commander's tent and a silver mounted bugle. The march to the wharf was then begun, thousands of citizens and country visitors lining the route, and giving the contingent a magnificent send-off as the *Coogee* drew out in the stream and sailed for Melbourne. Our illustrations depict the most notable of a long list of memorable scenes.

The officers: And now a few words as to the officers in charge of the contingent. Captain Cyril St Clair CAMERON is a typical soldier, and has seen plenty of active service. He has been 20 years altogether in the regular army, and went through the Afghan war, taking part in Lord ROBERTS' famous march to Candahar. He was then appointed adjutant of one of the yeomanry corps in England—an important position, and one that is only given to the smartest officers, inasmuch as they are practically responsible for the training and efficiency of their men. After holding that post for some time, Captain Cameron retired from the active ranks, but under conditions which rendered him liable to be called on if his services were desired. He is an old Grammar School boy, about 42 years of age, and commands the Evandale company of the Second Battalion.

Captain Wallace BROWN, who has gone with the contingent as senior subaltern, hails from Ulverstone, and is a brother of Major Brown, who commands the Third Battalion. He entered the auxiliary force as a private, receiving promotion to sergeant, then lieutenant, and recently, on the reorganisation of the infantry, obtaining a commission as captain. He is a man of about 35.

Lieutenant F B HERITAGE, of the Second Battalion, evinced the military spirit very early in life—he is only 22 or so now—joining the Launceston Cadets, from the

ranks of which he received promotion, as lieutenant, to the infantry. At the present time he holds the position of lieutenant and acting-adjutant to the headquarters staff of the Second Battalion.

Lieutenant G E REID was formerly in the Royal Artillery, and subsequently in the Madras Cavalry. On retirement, he settled in Tasmania, and is a lieutenant of the First Battalion.

The men

ABBOTT, H B T, S.T.A., Hobart
ANDERSON, T, Zeehan
ARMSTRONG, W, First Battalion, Hobart
BAILEY, E, Avoca
BALLANTYNE, —, Penguin
BARKER, T W, Ulverstone
BARNES, C J, Sergeant, Zeehan
BARNES, R H, Penguin
BETTS, A, Brighton
BLACK, H, Cressy
BLOWER, J, Penguin
BLYTHE, O, Campbell Town
BRIANT, F, First Battalion, Hobart
BROTHERS, C, North Motton
BUTTON, A, Evandale
CHALMERS, C, First Battalion, Hobart
CHALMERS, R, Brighton
CHILCOTE, C, Longford
COLES, W R, Ulverstone
COLLINS, C, Evandale
COLLINS, V, Evandale
COOMBE, A, Campbell Town
COSTELLO, Sgt-Major, staff instructor, L'ton
COX, H J, Second Battalion Launceston
DAVIS, H J, 2nd Battalion, Launceston
DENNIS, A, Evandale
DUCIE, W, Evandale
EDWARDS, J, Brighton
ELLIOTT, J, 2nd Battalion Launceston
FREMLIN, C J, Glenorchy
GABEY, R W, Scottsdale
GIBLIN, A V, Sergeant, Sandy Bay Co
GILHAM, A, Ulverstone
GILLIES, A, Campbell Town
GRANAGAN, D, Campbell Town
GREENBACK, E L, S.T.A., Hobart
HALL, G F, 2nd Battalion, Launceston
HALLAM, H, Glenorchy

HARRIS, J, 2nd Battalion, Launceston
HEADLAM, L V, Tunbridge
HOLMEWOOD, A, Bellerive
HOPE, J, Sheffield
HOUGH, A, Ulverstone
HUTTON, J, Ulverstone
HYNES, C, Ulverstone
JEPHSON, A H, First Battalion Hobart
KEYS, M, Zeehan
LADE, C, Ulverstone
LATHEY, A J, Devonport
LEE, E H, Cressy
LOWTHER, W P, Sergeant, Scottsdale
LOWTHER, G M, Scottsdale
LYNCH, F, Ulverstone
MADDOX, H, 2nd Battalion, Launceston
McGUINNESS, E, Zeehan
McGUINNESS, H, Forcett
McGUIRE, F A, Penguin
MORRISBY, F E, Bellerive
MORSE, J, Sheffield
PAGE, J L R, S.T.A. Hobart
PARKER, A, Sorell
PARSELLE, E, Corporal, Launceston
PEDDER, C, Bellerive
PEERS, V J, Zeehan
REYNOLDS, A J, First Battalion, Hobart
ROBERTS, J, Scottsdale
SMITH, K A, 2nd Battalion, Launceston
SMITH, F A, Army Medical Corps, L'ton
STEPHENSON, C, Scottsdale
SWAN, M H, Sandy Bay Company
WALKER, G, Forcett
WEDDING, F, Glenorchy
WHITELAW, J H, 2nd Battalion, L'ton
WILLIAMS, S, First Battalion, Hobart
WILSON, Robert, Richmond

The Kit List

Launceston Examiner, 3 Nov, 1899, p6 c5

What a soldier has to carry:

In addition to heavy marches and the task of fighting, the soldier, both officer and private, carries a good weight into the battlefield with him. The articles carried on the person by an infantry officer weigh 38lb 12¼oz, while the private carries 47lb 12oz. In addition the officer carries 22lb 5½oz in his valise, and the private 18lb 6¼oz in his kit-bags, the total weight of the belongings taken by each being:— Officer 61lb 1¾; private, 66lb 2¼oz. The details of the kit which the Victorian infantry private will carry on the march are:—

	lb.	oz.
Belts, flannel	0	6¼
Boots, ankle, pair	3	9½
Braces, web, pair	0	4½
Coat, great, grey, with cape	7	3
Drawers, pair	1	0½
Dressing, field, & description card	0	4¼
Hat (full-dress, head-dress)	0	7
Haversack, with balance of day's rations	2	0
Jacket, khaki cloth	2	3½
Leggings, leather, pair	2	3
Shirt, Crimean	0	11
Socks, pair	0	5
Trousers, khaki cloth, pair	1	12½
Waistcoat, sleeved	1	2
Bayonet, with scabbard	1	7
Belt, waist	0	10¼
Bottle, oil, full	0	3½
Bottle, water, full, with straps	2	6
Braces, V.E.	1	0½
Frog	0	3
Knife, clasp, with lanyard	0	4¾
Pouches, with 100 rounds .303 ammunition	7	6¾
Pull-through	0	1¼
Rifle, M.-E., .303, with rod & protector	8	9¼
Sling, rifle	0	4
Tin, mess, with strap & cover	1	11¾
Weight	47	12

Trivia

The British army privates may not marry before the completion of seven years' service, and they must possess at least one badge, and then only are they permitted to marry with the consent of the commanding officer. ●

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Access to **Ancestry.com** is available on dedicated computers at both Hobart and Burnie Branch Libraries.

Available at our Burnie or Hobart Branches

See contact detail inside back cover

Old-Time Inns

Launceston Examiner, 26 June, 1899, p5 c1

There were not many public houses in the south 80 years ago. In 1819 the number, signs and holders were as follow: William STOCKER, *Derwent Hotel*; Richard WALLACE, *Cat and Fiddle*; Henry ANSON, *City of London Arms*; Francis BARNES, *Hope*; Charles CONNOLLY, *Bricklayers' Arms*; John EDDINGTON, *Bird in Hand*; Michael LEE, *Freemasons' Arms*; James LORD, *Dusty Miller*; Thomas RANSOM, *Joiners' Arms*; Richard ALLRIGHT, *Crooked Billet*; William BROADHURST, *Jolly Sailor*.

At Clarence Plains William ATKINS had *the Chequers*. At the Black Snake, Messrs. AUSTIN & EARLE looked after the *Barley Mow*, and at Herdsman's Cove, John SENIOR kept the *Punch Bowl*.

The Cat and Fiddle (says the *Tasmanian News*) stood somewhere about where Mr DAVIS' shop in Elizabeth Street now stands, and the alley way leading up to his stores was known for years as Cat and Fiddle Alley. ●

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The final in this series

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An Index to

Launceston Examiner

This series covers the personal announcements from the *Launceston Examiner* from its inception on 12 March 1842 until 31 December 1899 (in 1900 the name was changed to *The Examiner*)

There are Birth, Death and Marriage notices as well as deaths and marriages gleaned from news items.

Selected news items of interest to family historians have also been included

In the early years of the first volume Police Reports were detailed and give a graphic picture of the social conditions prevailing, as do the Police Intelligence, Supreme Court and Quarter Sessions reports, which in many cases culminate in the report of an Execution

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Help Wanted

Byng/ Morris

Seeking information on the descendant daughters of John BYNG and Mary Ann (nee WALLACE) – Emma b. 1884 Melbourne md. James MORRIS of USA 1873, Henrietta (aka Alice) b. 1850 South Australia, had daughter Emma Jane b. c1867, md John JOHN of West Indies 1876, d. 1881 Melbourne; Sophia Victoria b c1852 Victoria or South Australia; Mary Teresa b. 1854 Melbourne. Family lived Melbourne, Mt Gambier and Kyneton.

Please contact Joan Crowle, 11 Davern St, Pascoe Vale South VIC 3044, (Member No 6269)

Cornish Association

The Cornish Association would like to hear from Tasmanians who have Cornish ancestors/ connections. They are collecting data relating to the Cornish influence on Tasmanians ie. migration to Australia, mining, singing, dancing, cooking, mythology etc. Some of the Cornish names listed: Edgcombe, Elliott, Floyd, Gartrell, Langsford, Oates, Symons, Trenergy, Trewartha etc.

Please contact George Steven email: gws@pacific.net.au

Duke of Wellington, Launceston

Seeking information on the *Duke of Wellington Inn/ Hotel*, in Wellington St, Launceston. My Great Grand Aunt Elizabeth (Betsy) nee INCHBOLD and husband John CARTER were the publicans there from about early 1850 and it was in the family into the 1870s. I am very keen to learn the history of this building and am wondering if anyone has researched these premises and would be happy to share? Please contact Rosemary Hayes, PO Box 106, Rosanna VIC 3084, email: rhayes@datacodsl.com (Member No 2034)

Kelly/ Shore

Castra Road/ Ulverstone area. Children of Janet Margaret SHORE (nee BRITTON) and Thomas KELLY. Thomas b. 1895, Leslie Lionel b. 1897, Sylvia Mary b. 1899, Janet Lila b. 1900 and Amos Daniel b. 1902.

Please contact Shirley Stevenson, 13 Marrah Drive, Bairnsdale VIC 3875, email: dands@eftel.net.au (Member No 3038)

Mahoney/ Glover

Mary Ann MAHONEY M. Samuel GLOVER, Hobart 25th Oct 1852. Witness Hannah Mahoney. Children: Thomas 1854, Sarah 1856 & John 1861. Samuel Glover d. 25 Jan 1867, Bothwell. Mary Ann Glover m. Robert WELLS, Bothwell 23 Oct 1867. Children: James 1868, Mary Ann 1871 & George 1876.

Were Mary Ann & Hannah sisters? On what ship and when did Mary Ann come to Tasmania? I have two unidentified photos that may be Mary Ann and Hannah.

Please contact Jacqueline Pike, ☎ 03 6376 1362 (Member No 5082)

Murray/ Anderson/ Warby

Seeking information/ descendants of Mary MURRAY (d un), md Robert ANDERSON 1864, Albury, NSW. Elizabeth Murray d. 1925 Brighton Vic, md Robert WARBY 1873, Albury NSW. I am a descendant from sister Christina Murray d. 1920 Footscray Vic, md 1862 William SWAN(N) Launceston Tas. All record b. Glasgow, Scotland to John MURRAY and Elizabeth FULTON.

Please contact Janet Wilson email: janet_wilson@bigpond.com (Member No 4288)

Shanahan

In 1851 Johanna Shanahan married Patrick KEOGH in Hobart. They lived for several years in Cygnet, then moved north to the area around Ulverstone. Patrick KEOGH [KEHOE] died in 1876 and his widow then remarried a Thomas Ryan KENNEDY in 1878. Johanna KENNEDY as she now was, died in 1901 at Ulverstone.

There are many hundreds of descendants of the original couple, who may be able to assist in advising when and how Johanna entered Tasmania, and where in Ireland she was born.

My interest is in Ellen SHANAHAN, who was married to Richard WILLIAMS of Cygnet and reputed to be an older sister of Johanna—again we do not know [for certain] how and when Ellen and Johanna arrived in Tasmania, so are seeking assistance from the wider Shanahan family. All information including family gossip gladly accepted.

Please reply to Robert Emirali, PO Box 1212 Rosny Park 7018 TAS or ☎ 6247 1055; email: emcol@primus.com.au. (Member No 3113)

Sullivan

In 1873 Cornelius Sullivan and his wife Johanna together with their children John, Margaret, James Patrick, Cornelius and Johanna arrived in Tasmania from Ireland. Further children born in the Cygnet area were Stephen and Michael, who had no children, and Mary Ann, Elizabeth and Catherine. Any information on descendants of this Sullivan famiul would be appreciated. Family names which could be connected are O'NEILL and TALBOT.

Please ☎ Adrienne on 6243 8312 or email Adrian.baldock@bigpond.com.au. (Member No 6341)

Help Wanted queries are published **free for members** of the TFHS Inc. (provided membership number is quoted) and at a **cost of \$11.00 (inc. GST)** per query to non-members.

Special Interest Groups: advertising rates apply.

Members are entitled to three free queries per year, and should be limited to 100 words. All additional queries will be published at a cost of \$11.00. **Only one query per member** per issue will be published unless space permits otherwise.

Queries should be forwarded to The Editor, *Tasmanian Ancestry*, PO Box 191 Launceston TAS 7250 or email editors@tasfhs.org

New Members

A warm welcome is extended to the following new members

6524	ROBSON Mr Noel	PO Box 6083	MALABAR	NSW	2036
6525	TURNER Ms Donna	PO Box 6083	MALABAR	NSW	2036
6527	RICHMOND Brenda J	3968 El Canto Drive brendajoyr@sbcglobal.net	SPRING VALLEY	CA	91977
6528	BAKES Mrs Ann Maree	Not for publication			
6529	McMEEKIN Mrs Joy Irene	15 Daphne St jmcmeekin@vtown.com.au	WYNYARD	TAS	7325
6530	POORTENAAR Mrs Alison J	759 Circular Road poorties@bigpond.com	EAST RIDGLEY	TAS	7320
6531	SYNNOTT Mr James Mervyn	Not for publication			
6532	WILLIAMS Mrs Mary Agnes	17 McPhee St	BURNIE	TAS	7320
6533	NEWMAN Mrs Lindy Anne	17 McPhee St	BURNIE	TAS	7320
6534	FAULKNER Dr Graeme	GPO Box 218 docgraemefaulkner@gmail.com	SOUTH HOBART	TAS	7004
6535	SMITH Mr Denis Lynn	22 Vista Street	GREENWICH	NSW	2065
6536	PROPHET Gail Mary	86 High Street gail.profet@yahoo.com	SHEFFIELD	TAS	7306
6537	BUTTON Mr Charles	1/28 Marlborough St charles@button.id.au	SANDY BAY	TAS	7005
6538	RATTRAY Mrs Barbara Ann	787 Relbia Road	RELBIA	TAS	7258
6539	CLARK Mrs Leanne Fay	135 Main St ifclark@netspace.net.au	ULVERSTONE	TAS	7315
6540	THORP Mrs Margaret Nichols	Not for publication			
6541	CHRISTIAN Beverley	16 Balamara St	BELLERIVE	TAS	7018
6542	O'CONNOR Mrs Sally	PO Box 251 sallgeo@bigpond.com	ULVERSTONE	TAS	7315
6543	HINDS Mr Frederick Gordon	11 Sharon Court pelican29@bigpond.com	DEVONPORT	TAS	7310
6544	HINDS Mrs Evaleen	11 Sharon Court pelican29@bigpond.com	DEVONPORT	TAS	7310
6545	ALLAN Mrs Margaret	579 Gellibrand Drive	SANDFORD	TAS	7020
6546	HARRIS Mrs Patricia Faye	23 Ross Avenue pharris@iprimus.com.au	INVERMAY	TAS	7248
6547	HALCOMBE Mr Donald George	42 Ramsay Street	NEWSTEAD	TAS	7250
6548	POOLE Mrs Catherine	1 Walnut Grove	SUMMERHILL	TAS	7250
6549	PLAMBECK Mrs Shirley Margaret	Not for publication			
6550	BOYES Mr John Sibley	311 Fisher Ave jiboyes@bigpond.net.au	SANDY BAY	TAS	7005
6551	DAVIS Miss Michelle	PO Box 211 shelldavis2@hotmail.com	YULARA	N T	0872
6552	HARRIS Ms Gaylene Margaret	3/135 James Street gaylene.harris@gmail.com	NEW FARM	QLD	4005
6553	STURZAKER Mrs M Elaine	74 Upper Brougham St je.sturzaker@bigpond.net.au	W LAUNCESTON	TAS	7250
6554	ARMSBY Mrs Helen Louise	Not for publication			
6555	PROPHET Mr Keith Francis	86 High St gail.prophet@yahoo.com	SHEFFIELD	TAS	7306
6556	FRENCH Mrs Maureen June	2/13 Locket Street maudfre@iprimus.com.au	ULVERSTONE	TAS	7315

6557	SKILLINGTON Mrs Kay	16 Chapman St	BELLERIVE	TAS	7018
6558	RAU Mrs Ann Marie	RMB 200 Arthur Highway annmrau@hotmail.com	SORELL	TAS	7172
6559	McALPINE Mrs Colette Frances - Not for publication				
6560	WALSH Ms Sharon	PO Box 494 walshsl@bigpond.com	BURNIE	TAS	7320
6561	WILSON Mrs Helen Dawn	3 New Street pushbiker@iprimus.com.au	SOMERSET	TAS	7322
6562	GUNN Mr Thomas	43 Burke St Thomas.Gunn@utas.edu.au	LAUNCESTON	TAS	7250
6563	WILSON Ms Marie G	16 Wilson Place	ULVERSTONE	TAS	7315
6564	WARREN Mrs Lee	164 Blackstone Road anne_warren2003@yahoo.com.au	BLACKSTONE HGHTS	TAS	7250
6565	RODD Mr Neil William (Bill)	21 Kunama Drive	KINGSTON	TAS	7050
6566	RODD Mrs Susan Janet	21 Kunama Drive	KINGSTON	TAS	7050
6567	QUINN Mrs Elizabeth Caroline	PO Box 279	LATROBE	TAS	7307
6568	COLLINS Mr Michael R	6/12 Kay Street ruby_and_mike@bigpond.com	TRIABUNNA	TAS	7190
6569	DOBSON Mr Ross	GPO Box 465 Ross.Dobson@gmail.com	HOBART	TAS	7001
6570	KING Mrs Wilma Elryn	205 Redwood Road wdking@iprimus.com.au	KINGSTON	TAS	7050
6571	YOUNG Ms J Margot	PO Box 564 margoy@optusnet.com.au	GLENORCHY	TAS	7010
6572	GILLIES Mrs Sandra Lee	85 Tarrawarra Lane sgillies@bigpond.com	ROMSEY	VIC	3434
6573	BREEN Mrs Patricia Anne	9 Greenway Avenue gpbreen@bigpond.com	DEVONPORT	TAS	7310
6574	HARPER Mrs Joy Leonie	8 Antill Street joylharper@gmail.com	BLAXLAND	NSW	2774

New Members' Interests

Name	Place/Area	Time	M'ship No.
AITKEN John	Falkirk SCT	All	6573
ANDERSON Jesse	TAS AUS	d. 7 Sep 1857	6565
ASPINALL Robert	Preston LAN ENG	1820-1850	6563
BAILEY Joseph	ESS ENG	1850-1855	6533
BARRISFORD family	First Fleeters NORFOLK IS	1808-1842	6535
BARRISFORD John & Hanna	Hobart via Norfolk Is AUS	1808-1842	6535
BATT Amy Madge	Deloraine TAS AUS	All	6547
BELL Thomas	Cygnets TAS AUS	1880+	6556
BINSON John	Oatlands TAS AUS	1860 on	6572
BINSON William Henry	Oatlands TAS AUS	1844-1867	6572
BOLAND Bridget	Kilclare IRL	All	6573
BOND	ESS ENG	1750-1850	6524
BOYES family	TAS & ENG	1800-2007	6550
BOYTON	ESS ENG	1750-1850	6524
BRYCE James	TAS AUS	1808-14 Dec 1901	6565
BURGESS James	Hobart TAS AUS	1832+	6574
CALLOW Robert	St Marylebone MDX ENG	1820-1841	6546

Name	Place/Area	Time	M'ship No.
CALLOW Thomas	St Marylebone MDX ENG	1800-1841	6546
CAMBRELL Lillian	NSW AUS	1850 on	6567
CAMBRELL Myrtle	NSW AUS	1850 on	6567
CARANDINI Maria	Hobart TAS AUS	1826-1894	6574
CARDLIDGE John	Hobart TAS AUS	1850-	6538
CARSTAIRS	SCT	All	6557
CARTLEDGE John	Berslem STS ENG	c1800	6538
CASSIDY Catherine	NW Coast TAS AUS	1800-1870	6548
CHALMERS Mary	TAS AUS	1815-24 Jun 1986	6565
CHAMLEY George	Knightsbridge London ENG	1830s	6564
CHOPPING/CHOPPIN/CHOPPEN	All	All	6541
CHRISTIAN	Hobart/ Christchurch NZ	All	6541
CINNAMON	Launceston TAS AUS	All	6570
CLOVER	ENG & SCT	All	6557
COGHLAN/ COCKLIN Catherine	Port Sorell	1810-1864	6548
COLE family	AUS & ENG	1800-2007	6550
COLLINS Michael	Cork IRL	All	6573
COOK Laurie	NSW AUS	1929 on	6567
COOPER Sydney	Hanley STS ENG- Gormanston TAS AUS	1870-1920	6553
COOPER/HIGGINBOTHAM Mary Ellen	Hanley STS ENG/ Gormanston TAS AUS	1870-1920	6553
COSTELLO Richard			6529
CRAWFORD	SCT & IRE	1800+	6542
CURRAN Agnes			6532
CURRAN Agnes	Glasgow SCT	1850-1855	6533
DALY Edward	Co West Meath IRL	1840-1860	6563
DAVEY	Bruny Island TAS AUS	1803+	6568
DAVIES Benjamin	TAS AUS	1820-1911	6551
DAVIES Enoch	Aberporth CGN WLS	1720-1820	6551
DAVIES Owen	Whangaroa NZ	1837-1899	6551
DAVIES Owen	Hobart Town TAS AUS	1813-1899	6551
DAVIES Owen	Llangarong CGN WLS	1787-1837	6551
DAY	Chiltern VIC AUS	All	6570
DOUBLEDAY George H A	Truro CON ENG	c1800	6538
DUNN Catherine	IRE ?	1830-1918	6553
EMMETT Skelton	Horton TAS AUS	1818-1898	6574
FAULKNER			6534
FISHER	Hobart TAS AUS	1880-present	6539
FITZMAURICE Francis	Dublin IRL	1800s	6556
FLYNN James	TAS AUS	c1830	6558
FOREMAN Alice	Hobart TAS AUS	1875	6552
FOX Sarah	ENG	1839-1845	6533
FOYSTER	ESS & NFK ENG	1800	6530
GARDAM	All areas	All	6560
GRAVES			6534
GREGORY Sarah Jane	QLD NSW & TAS AUS	1870-1932	6558
GRUDY John William			6529
GUNN	Caithness SCT & TAS	All	6562
HARDIE	Glasgow SCT	1800s	6543

Name	Place/Area	Time	M'ship No.
HARRIS James	ENG arr abt 1854	c1840	6552
HARTLAND	WOR & Birmingham ENG	1800	6530
HEALY Mary	Circular Head TAS AUS	1834-1891	6548
HENDERSON	Edinburgh & Linlithgow SCT	1800	6530
HETHERINGTON	Borders ENG	All	6557
HILL Mary	Oatlands TAS AUS	1867 on	6572
HILL Sarah	Oatlands TAS AUS	1820s	6572
HILL Thomas	Oatlands TAS AUS	1820s	6572
HINDS	Belfast N.IRE	1800S	6543
HOW James	Cambridge? ENG	1830s	6564
HYATT Henry James	Hobart TAS AUS	1851-1897	6538
ISENBART family	GER & USA	1800-2007	6550
IVINE	Borders ENG	All	6557
JAMIESON	SCT & IRE	1800+	6542
JHONSON Thomas	d. TAS AUS	1791-1867	6566
JOHNSON/Jhonson Charles	Hobart TAS AUS	b. 17 Dec 1853	6566
JONES Harriet			6529
JONES Sarah	Bath WLS	1830s	6564
KEMP Emily	St Marylebone MDX ENG	1819-1841	6546
KEOGH Hanora	Galway IRL	1835+	6556
KINNIBURGH	SCT IRE	1800+	6542
LAING	Glasgow & FIF SCT	1800	6530
LAUNCESTON GRAMMAR	All Students	All	6562
LEATHAM/LEATHEAM	Melbourne/ Shoalhaven NSW	c1850s	6541
LEITH William Elliott	All	1769?	6561
LESTRANGE Mary	ENG. Abt 1822 "Providence"	c1803	6552
LORD	Hobart TAS AUS	All	6542
LOWE	Glasgow SCT	1800s	6543
MARTIN	ESS ENG	1750-1850	6524
MASON	SCT	All	6557
MASON William	Dumbarton SCT	All	6573
McCAMMONT	SCT & IRE	1800+	6542
McDONALD George	WIL & CON ENG	1800-1878	6561
MEAON Mary	All	c1800 on	6566
MICHELL [sic]	NSW/ Adelaide/ ex CON	c1800s	6541
MILBURN	ENG & SCT	All	6557
MORONEY John	Wynyard TAS AUS	1800-	6548
MURRAY Ellen	Wynyard TAS AUS	1800-	6548
MURRAY John	Wynyard TAS AUS	1800-	6548
MURRAY Rosetta	TAS AUS	c1860	6566
NEWBON Charlotte	H Walton ENG	arr 02/1854	6552
NICHOLS John	ENG. Arr 1804 "Ocean"	c1800-1802	6552
NICHOLS Robert	Albury NSW AUS	1843-1886	6574
NICHOLS Thomas	Oatlands TAS AUS	1801-1882	6574
NICHOLS William	Ralph's Bay TAS AUS	2/09/1867	6552
NORRIS Jabez	All	All	6565
OAKES	Hobart TAS AUS	1880-present	6539
O'BRIEN, John	Mullagh CLA IRL	1800s	6556
O'ROURKE Sarah	Cygnat TAS AUS	1878	6556

Name	Place/Area	Time	M'ship No.
PAGE William Fredk John	Mingenew Fremantle WA	1896	6540
PATERSON	Perth SCT UK	All	6570
POORTENAAR	Holland	1800	6530
PRIOR	All areas	All	6560
PROSSER Thomas	Monmouth WLS	1834	6564
QUINN	Huon TAS AUS	1850+	6544
RIORDON/REARDON Elizabeth	TAS AUS	c1830	6558
ROBERTSON	Edinburgh & Linlithgow SCT	1800	6530
ROCKLIFF Aubrey	Burnie TAS AUS	1850-1926	6556
RODD Henry	TAS AUS	c1860	6565
RUSSELL John	Tipperary IRL	1840-1860	6563
RUST William Henry	Oatlands TAS AUS	1867-1926	6572
SAUNDERS	Chiltern VIC AUS	All	6570
SEYMOUR	ESS ENG	1750-1850	6524
SKEGGS James	ENG	1839-1845	6533
SMITH John	Marchington TAS AUS	1822-1853	6574
STEDMAN/STEADMAN	Kelso near Bathurst NSW AUS	1860	6542
STURZAKER John	All	1810	6553
STURZAKER John snr/jnr	WIL & CON ENG	1800-1878	6561
SWINDELLS John	Macclesfield CHS ENG	c1800	6538
SWINDELLS Mary Virginia	Bothwell TAS AUS	1855-	6538
TEMPLETON Alexander	IRE	1830-1903	6553
THOMPSON	Hobart TAS AUS	1880-present	6539
TUCKER John Alfred	Railton TAS AUS	1877-1889	6527
WARREN Alfred	TAS AUS	c1800s	6558
WATSON	SCT & IRE	1800+	6542

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If you find a name in which you are interested, please note the membership number and check the New Members' listing for the appropriate name and address.

Please enclose a stamped self-addressed envelope and don't forget to reply if you received a SSAE.

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A copy of the 'Privacy Policy' of the Society is available on request at Branch Libraries or from State or Branch Secretaries.

The 'Privacy Policy' sets out the obligations of the Society in compliance with the Privacy Act of 1988 and the amendments of that Act

Diary Notes

September, 15th 2007: Tasmanian Local and Family History Fair,

Westbury Historical Society issue an invitation for people or groups who would like to participate, to contact the History Room or go to the Website to obtain registration forms: westburyhistorical.org.au.

November, 3rd and 4th 2007

9th Biennial Tasmanian Local History Conference at Richmond, hosted by The Coal River Valley Historical Society Inc. For more information contact the Secretary, PO Box 115, Richmond TAS 7025.

November 2007- October 2008: Norfolk Island Bicentenary Sailings on board the *Lady Nelson*:

Wednesday 28 November 2007 (*Lady Nelson*)

Thursday 17 January 2008 (*Porpoise*)

Saturday 1 March 2008 (*Lady Nelson*)

Thursday 5 June 2008 (*Estramina*)

Sunday 5 October 2008 (*City of Edinburgh*)

To celebrate the arrivals of the Norfolk Islanders 1807-08. Leaving from Elizabeth St Pier, Hobart (10am-12 noon and 1pm-3pm)

Bookings can be made for all sailings at the Lady Nelson Office Dockhead Building Franklin Wharf, Hobart 10am – 3pm weekdays. ☎ 03 6234 3348

Irene Schaffer, Lady Nelson's Historian, will be on board and give talks about the passengers who arrived on the different ships.

For more information phone Irene Schaffer 03 6272 2124 or email schafferi@optusnet.com.au.

2008 New Norfolk, TAS Australia

New Norfolk is an historic Australian town, settled mainly by Norfolk Island evacuees in 1807-08. This anniversary will be commemorated at two major events in 2008.

- **Back to New Norfolk 2008:** an Autumn Commemoration of the Bicentenary of the town of New Norfolk. Descendants of the Norfolk Islanders and First Settlers, those with ancestral connections and anyone who has ever lived or worked in the town, will be welcome to join in the celebrations.
- **New Norfolk 2008:** the 4th World Norfolk and Norwich Gathering, springtime in scenic New Norfolk. Join us "Down Under Down Under" in Tasmania—Australia's island state—for the 4th World Family Gathering of people from places named Norfolk or Norwich. A special invitation is extended to anyone for Norfolk or Norwich community worldwide.

For more information or to be added to our contact list: email: info@newnorfolk2008.com or Web: www.newnorfolk2008.com or contact the Secretary, New Norfolk 2008, 77 Blair St, New Norfolk TAS 7140.

Quidnunc

Excerpts from journals
held at the Launceston Branch Library

The Devon Family Historian: 2007

Devon and its Parishes. Until the early 19th C the unit of local government was the Parish run by a group of worthy citizens and known as the Vestry. This usually consisted of the Vicar, the Squire, and several upper or middle class farmers, depending on the size of the parish. BUT, How did this come about?

Dispatch: December 2006

1. *Some Miscellaneous Militaria of the 26th and 90th Regiments.*
2. *Military Correspondence of the Argyllshire Volunteers 1799-1804* This article comprises of a transcription of a series of contemporary letters pertaining the Argyllshire Volunteers from 1797 to 1801.

Cornwall FHS Journal: March 2007

The Inmates of Cornwall County Goal at Bodmin Members of the Cornwall FHS are working on transcribing and indexing the surviving records of the Goal at Bodmin. These include admission registers of the Debtors' Goal, or Sheriff's Ward, Minute Books and the Admission Registers listing prisoners in the Goal from 1831 up to the early 20C.

Irish Roots: Number 4 2006

Irish Military Medals The Irish Minister for Defence announced the availability of official certificates will be issued to families of military veterans of 1916 and War of Independence to replace lost, stolen or destroyed medals. A total of five medals were issued to participants.

Tay Valley Family Historian: October 2006

The Use of Newspapers in Family History Research Newspapers can be a very useful source of information for genealogist and family historian. List of useful sources also included with this article.

The New Zealand Genealogist: January/February 2007

1. *More than 3000 families listed online in bibliography of published family histories* now available at <http://waikatosearch.lconz.ac.nz>
2. *Choosing resolution settings for scanning* The question of "resolution" can be quite confusing because there are several factors involved. This article makes it much easier to understand.

Ancestor: March 2007

Researching your British Ancestry at www.findmypast.com Formerly known as *1837online.com*

40th Battalion AIF

Jim Rouse (Member 5496)

After having an article posted in the last journal, I've been encouraged by the response from members in relation to this project. Several researchers have contributed by way of copies of soldiers' letters, photographs and family history.

Most recently a researcher in Townsville has kindly contributed his transcriptions of a soldier's diaries and given me permission to reproduce them online. I'm

organizing a couple of trips to Launceston and Hobart in order to meet up with contributors and scan images or documents as required.

For those who may have missed the article in the last *Tasmanian Ancestry*, I should explain that I'm currently putting together a project to build a website and database commemorating the battalion and the soldiers who served within it.

I'm hoping to hear from Society members (and others) who may have had relatives who served with the battalion who may wish to contribute or become involved.

Members might also like to know that next year should see the publication of a book on the battalion by Longford man Mr K Dick and more recently I've been informed that a second book on the battalion and its soldiers is being worked on by a local historian from Hobart.



Seated:

2555 Pte Robert William Collins, born Northamptonshire England, resided at Nabowla—Killed in Action at Passchendaele on 12th October 1917, he was great uncle of Ann Wilson of Scottsdale who kindly provided the photograph.

The identity of the other young man is unknown, but likely to be a fellow soldier from the 40th Battalion. ●

email: jim@40th-bn.org, or phone: (03) 6491 1607)

Tasmania and Denmark: An Anzac Connection

Rodney Noonan

Long before Princess Mary established a special bond between Tasmania and Denmark, Private Einar TANG forged his own Tasmanian-Danish link during the First World War. Tang was born and raised in Denmark, settled in Hobart as an adult and after enlisting in the AIF (Australian Imperial Force) in 1916, served on the Western Front with Tasmania's 40th Battalion. He was wounded on three separate occasions and decorated for bravery before he was eventually killed in action in the Battle of Amiens in 1918.

Tang's service record at the National Archives of Australia provides a detailed description of his physical appearance, as well as an insight into his family background and work experience. Einar Oluf Tang (service number 2153) was born in Esbjerg, Denmark and enlisted in the AIF at Claremont, Tasmania on 21 July 1916. WWI service records did not ask for date of birth only the person's age at enlistment. Tang was 33 years-old, unmarried and nominated his sister Hannah KLEMSSEN in Denmark as his next of kin. He stood five foot six and three-quarter inches tall, weighed 182 pounds, had brown eyes, brown hair, a fair complexion, a small scar on the front of his left leg and a tattoo on his right forearm that bore the letters "OET" over some leaves. Tang gave his occupation as labourer, his religion as Church of England and stated that he had served in the Danish navy for nine months.

According to his naturalisation papers, which are also held at the National Archives, Tang was naturalised with fellow Danish-Tasmanian Anzac Peter Nielsen on 26 July 1916. This was just five days after Tang enlisted in the army. The Danish pair were permitted to enlist pending receipt of their naturalisation certificates, however they were not allowed to proceed overseas on active service until they had been naturalised as British subjects. Tang's application for naturalisation provides additional details about his background: he was born at Struer on 20 May 1883 and arrived in Australia from London aboard the *SS Ashburton* on 12 March 1909. Tang disembarked at Fremantle and lived in Perth for two years, Port Adelaide for twelve months then worked in various towns before settling in Hobart. His address was care of the Danish Consul and he listed his occupation as timber worker.

There is an inconsistency between the two records concerning Tang's place of birth. His service record states he was born in the harbour city of Esbjerg while his naturalisation papers state he was born further north in the town of Struer. Both towns are located in Denmark's Jutland peninsula but without a third reference, it is impossible to know which is correct.

After Tang had been naturalised, he embarked from Melbourne aboard the *Seang Choon* with the 3rd reinforcements of the 40th Battalion on 23 September 1916. During WWI, infantry battalions were essentially state-based. The 40th Battalion was the only exclusively Tasmanian battalion. Other predominantly Tasmanian battalions were always mixed with service personnel from other states. For example, the 12th Battalion was comprised of Tasmanian, South Australian and West Australian recruits while the 15th Battalion consisted of Tasmanians and Queenslanders.

Tang disembarked at Plymouth, England on 9 December 1916 and marched into the 10th Training Battalion the following day. He spent eight weeks in training before embarking for France on 4 February 1917. Tang marched into the Australian Divisional Base Depot at Etaples later that day and joined the 40th Battalion in the field on 7 February.

Exactly four months after he joined the 40th Battalion, Tang suffered a gunshot wound to his left arm. He was shot on 7 June 1917 during the Battle of Messines. Following treatment at an Australian casualty clearing station and a hospital in Etaples, Tang was admitted to the 1st South General Hospital in England on 10 June. He remained there until granted two weeks leave on 12 July.

Upon his return from leave, Tang marched into a convalescent depot where he remained until 4 October 1917 when he proceeded overseas. Tang rejoined the 40th Battalion in the field on 20 October but briefly left the fighting to attend a German Speaking Course from 5 to 16 December. On New Year's Eve he was granted leave to Paris and returned to his battalion on 10 January 1918. Tang was wounded for a second time when he suffered a gunshot wound to his cheek at the Battle of Morlancourt on 29 March 1918. He was treated at a hospital in Camiers and rejoined his battalion on 17 April.

Tang was awarded the Military Medal on 6 May 1918. One week later, the entire battalion was withdrawn from the front and rested. The soldiers engaged in swimming and Australian Rules football as a way of reinvigorating their bodies and spirits to prepare for the next offensive. Tang was wounded for a third time on 13 June 1918 at Villers-Bretonneux when he suffered a gunshot wound to his scalp. While in hospital in Etretat he used his German-language skills and spoke to a German prisoner of war. This was a breach of regulations. Tang was reprimanded and required to forfeit two days' pay.

Tang was released from hospital on 5 July and sent to a convalescent depot. One week later he marched out to rejoin his battalion. Tang was killed in action on 12 August 1918 at the Battle of Amiens. His commanding officer wrote to Tang's father, expressing his admiration for the late soldier and explaining that Tang was killed by a German machine gun bullet but suffered no pain. Tang was buried at Villers-Bretonneux.

Experienced family historians would undoubtedly have encountered many inconsistencies in their research. Tang's place of birth is not the only discrepancy that appears in his records. When he enlisted, the name on his attestation paper was Einar Oluf Tang and he clearly signed the form E.O. Tang. That is how his name was always recorded until January 1918 when Tang completed a form and changed the order to Oluf Einar Tang. Interestingly, his naturalisation papers (which were submitted during his first week in the army) were in the name of Oluf Tang – no middle name provided. The answer might be found on his right forearm. Tang's tattoo bore the letters "OET", possibly his initials if the order was Oluf Einar Tang.

Researching WWI service personnel

This article was based on information in Tang's WWI service record, his naturalisation record (both held at the National Archives of Australia) and Frank Clifton Green's book *The Fortieth: A Record of the 40th Battalion*.

Service records were designed as administrative records about individuals. As such, they contain much personal data but the military information generally relates to changes in circumstance: promotions, wounds, training courses, transfers to a new unit, periods of leave and hospitalisation.

Service records do not contain any information about the battles in which a person fought but in identifying relevant battalions and dates, provide a way of finding such information. Tang's service record stated that he fought with the 40th Battalion and gave the dates he was wounded. By consulting Green's history of the 40th Battalion, I was able to determine the battles in which Tang was fighting when he was wounded and killed.

There are two published bibliographies that should assist researchers seeking information on military units: *A Soldier in the Family: A Source Book for Australian Military Genealogy* by Allan Box and *Shaping History: A Bibliography of Australian Army Unit Histories* by Syd Trigellis-Smith, Sergio Zampatti and Max Parsons. There is also an excellent online bibliography on the Australian Defence Force Academy website.

If no history of the unit has ever been published, there are several other options available. The Australian War Memorial website has brief summaries of unit histories. The twelve-volume set *Official History of Australia in the War of 1914-1918* is held by many libraries and is also available in digital form on the Australian War Memorial's website.

Two potentially useful books are *Where Australian Fought: The Encyclopedia of Australia's Battles* by Chris Coulthard-Clark and *Guide to Australian Battlefields of the Western Front 1916-1918* by John Laffin.

Service personnel who were killed in action are commemorated on two websites. The Australian War Memorial's Roll of Honour contains basic service details and in many cases has a digital copy of a questionnaire completed by family members after the war. The Commonwealth War Graves Commission offers no extra service details but has a fuller description of the cemetery where the person is buried.

View the online bibliography at www.unsw.adfa.edu.au/~rmallett/Unit_histories.html

Read unit summaries at www.awm.gov.au/units/index.asp

Read a digital copy of the Official History at www.awm.gov.au/histories/index.asp

Search the Roll of Honour at www.awm.gov.au/database/roh.asp

Search the Commonwealth War Graves Commission at www.cwgc.org

Accessing service records

The National Archives of Australia is nearing the end of a major project to place a digital copy of every WWI service record on its website. The records can be viewed and printed free of charge. To view WWI service records go to www.naa.gov.au and enter the RecordSearch database.

Alternatively, photocopies can be purchased for \$25 per service record by contacting the National Archives. In submitting your request, be sure to provide as much information about the person as possible. ●

National Archives of Australia

PO Box 7425, Canberra Business Centre ACT 2610 Ph: 1300 886 881

A Passage from India—Anglo-Indians in Tasmania

Shirley Foster

R W LOANE, a trader who arrived in 1809, was the first Anglo-Indian to come to Van Diemen's Land. When Governor Macquarie offered land grants and convict labour to settlers with capital and character references several years later other Anglo-Indians took up the opportunity of obtaining land. Michael FENTON (1789-1874) sold his commission in 1820 and was granted 1,970 acres in the Derwent Valley. Donald CAMERON (1780-1857), an East India Company surgeon, was granted "*Fordom*" at Nile in 1822. Another trader, William HAMILTON, (1790-1870), who had been Secretary to the Commander in Chief of the Navy arrived in 1824, received a grant between the Clyde and Derwent Rivers and was an influential member of the Legislative Council from 1825-1832. Sandhurst trained Captain Edward DUMARESQ (1802-1906) arrived in 1825 and was appointed Van Diemen's Land first Surveyor General. Charles SWANSTON (1789-1850) emigrated in 1825 for 'health reasons' and was granted 4,000 acres in Westmoreland and resigned from the army in 1831. Dr. John HENDERSON, a Surgeon with 'failing health', emigrated to "The Sanatorium of India", as the island was by then known, and was granted 2,500 acre on the George's River in 1829. As President of the Van Diemen's Land Society, the objects of which were to diffuse knowledge, advance science and publish, he was among the settlers whose interests led to the establishment of the Botanical Gardens and the Museum. By 1830 all the land in the midlands 'like a gentleman's park in England' was taken. After land grants were replaced with land sales Major J W H WALCH (1788-1852) emigrated but sold his property at Westbury to take up the position of Commandant of the Prisoners' Station at Broadmarsh. He bought Samuel TEGG's (1776-1845) Hobart Town book shop in 1846.

Major Hugh Calveley COTTON (d. 1881) a surveyor and his brother Captain Arthur Cotton an irrigation expert who had served in India for 25 years were others who arrived in the early forties. In 1842 the Captain published "Irrigation of Tasmania" in the Journal of Natural Science. In 1842 Sir John Franklin approved a scheme to provide water for the use of land owners with large grants in the Ross and Campbell Town area. Prior to this a weir had been built across the entrance to Tooms Lake and now the Long Marsh Dam, as it was known, on the Macquarie River was commenced using convict labour. Work began in 1843 but Lord Stanley, Secretary of State for the Colonies and overseer of the Probation System of Convict Administration, advised the Lt-Governor, after Sir John was recalled, that convict labour, being an impost of English taxpayers, would no longer be provided. By 1847, after thousands of convict man hours had been expended, the scheme was abandoned.

Not all Anglo-Indians put down roots, founded dynasties, and made the island their home. It is not known what happened to Captain Cotton but after being engaged in the trigometrical survey of Sprent Major Cotton sold his Longford property in 1859 and returned to India.

Major Charles Ross MACKENZIE (d.1857) of *Glenderry* Evandale emigrated in 1842 with his wife and four children. In 1854 he selected crown land under the Pre-emptive Right Scheme at Table Cape when the population was declining and the

government made cheap land available in the far north-west coast. After he died his oldest son Charles J. Mackenzie (1837-1921), who was born at Trichology India, farmed and was a Member of the House of Assembly from 1886-1909.

Some families were related or connected by marriage. Edward Dumaresq was connected to Governor Darling, Lt. Colonel Andrew CRAWFORD (1815-1899) who bought land at Richmond whilst on leave in the forties then emigrated in 1861 after 28 years in India, was related to Sir John HAYES (1768-1831) who named the Derwent River. He was also connected to the large land owner Captain David OGILVY (1807-1876) of "*Inverguhiaty*" Richmond and his nephew and heir Arthur J Ogilvy (1834-1914). The latter, a reformer who was born in Bombay India, joined his uncle in Tasmania 1851 and was active in organisations which led to the formation of the Labor party in 1903. Another of Crawford's relations, Lieut-Colonel James R CRUICKSHANK, (1841-1916) served in the Royal Engineers until 1885 and was appointed Register of the University of Tasmania in 1903.

After The Bombay Mutiny in 1857 sounded the death knell of the East India Company the government set aside 32,000 acres of land for settlers in the North West of the island. Lieut-Colonel Crawford wrote an article for the press in India titled *A Letter to the Officers of the HM India Company Civil and Military* outlining a settlement scheme. He wanted 100 officers to take up land and by mutual support establish a farming community at Castra with school, Anglican Church, and other cultural and social amenities. Forty Anglo-Indians took up an option on land 16 miles south of Ulverstone. Major General Charles HEATHCOTE (1830-1889) of "*Raleigh*" East Castra was Honorary Secretary of the scheme. But the vision of farming in the back blocks was fraught with problems. Crawford's sons lived in a bark hut for three years whilst trees were ring barked and Crawford's 300 acre property cleared. The Government had been promising a road since 1865 but the first dray did not get through to Crawford's home *Deyrah* until 1874. Colonel GA FULTON's of "*Blackwood Park*" East Castra found 'nothing but a jungle' and that 'the want of servants' was the worst problem. Colonel James Fulton (1822-1875) of "*Kirami*" Gunn's Plains arrived in 1867 with a large family. He lobbied the Government about the lack of access to his 258 acres with out success so moved to Leith. Colonel Crawford, a Member of the House of Assembly from 1876-77, blamed the Legislative Council for vetoing the funds. Large landowners, like Donald Cameron (1814-1890), were among those who opposed progress.

Tasmanian born Lieut. Colonel W Vincent LEGGE (1841-1918), a soldier and scientist whose father was granted 1,200 acre *Cullenwood* near St Mary's in 1827 and who served in Ceylon from 1868 to 1877, was another who wrote to the *Times of India* setting out the 'pros and cons' of emigrating. Forty eight year old Edward BRADDON (1829-1904) arrived in 1878, after being forced into retirement after 30 years in India, also wrote articles for the press in India titled *A Home in the Colonies. Letters to India* about life in Tasmania which created interest. Thus Anglo-Indian retirees learnt that the cost of living was less, the climate better, the population more British than in New Zealand, and opportunities for their sons superior to those at Home.

The Honourable Major Arthur Vincent DUMBLETON (1824-1903) had 200 acres at Castra but chose to build his home *Hawley* in 1859 at Port Sorell where he could

enjoy his hobbies of wood-work, boat building, and yachting. His son Henry Dumbleton (1857-1930), who was born in India and educated on the Isle of Wight, joined his father in Tasmania in 1873 and was a MHA from 1903-7. Major-General William LODDER built *Lonah* (1877) between Ulverstone and Penguin. His son, Lieut. Ernest Lodder an engineer educated on the Isle of Wight, joined his father in 1890.

Anglo-Indians who made the coast their home included Dr. Arthur YOUNG (1816-1907) of *Feteresso* Torquay who was a Member of the House of Assembly. Dr. DUNDAS (1823-1894) of *Arniston* Forth who practised medicine and like William Martley SADLEIR (1843-1926) was born in Ireland and lived in India before coming to the colony. Captain Richard TOMES (1822-1882) had 8 acres at Torquay at the mouth of the Mersey. Captain Frederick A SAGE (1822-1889) lived *Tregoth* Forth, and Colonel Thomas WATSON at *Oulton*. Major-General John N WILSON (1828-1919) was an ardent Methodist preacher at Penguin. Lieut-Colonel Michael M SHAW (1802-1896) of *Molenda Lodge* Dean's Point was a Temperance Society and Congregational Church supporter. His son Lieut. Thomas Shaw, (1845-1926) an engineer, preceded his father to the island. Yorkshire born Major Charles HUSBAND (1863-1938), an East India Railway Company employee, was on furlough in Tasmania in 1913 and made Wynyard his home after WW1.

Not all settlers were successful. The Under Secretary of India in the State of Bengal, George EASTON, whilst on leave visiting Longford friends in 1872, invested in 210 acres of Crown Land at £1 an acre with 14 years to pay at Upper Flowerdale. His family, which included two teenage sons educated as was customary in England, left Calcutta in 1879 and attempted to farm with disastrous results.

Edward Braddon, a federalist who was knighted in 1891 and Premier from 1894 to 1899, made an important contribution to the development of the state as did other Anglo-Indians, their wives and descendants. They were involved in agricultural societies, sporting clubs and community affairs. Many of them, like Major-General Wilson and Lieut-Colonel Shaw, were deeply religious. Colonel G A Fulton, a lay preacher, presented a font to his church to mark his 50th wedding anniversary. Major Doubleton made and carved two chairs and a font for the North Down church. Captain Edward Dumaresq built a stone church¹ and rectory on his estate at Illawarra near Longford and gave generously to the Anglican Cathedral in Hobart. Many served as Justice of the Peace. Edward Dumaresq held the record. He was a JP until he died at the age of 104. ●

Footnote

1. The painter Tom Roberts' (1856-1931) ashes are buried in the Christ Church churchyard at Illawarra. His second wife, Jean Irving BOYES a childhood friend, was from Illawarra Tasmania

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Did Great Grand Dad work on the Rhyndaston Railway Tunnel?

Richard Gould (Member No 6059)

After protracted negotiations between the Tasmanian Government and the London-based Tasmanian Main Line Railway (TMLR) Company, a contract to build a line between Hobart and Launceston was signed on 15 March 1872. It was a document 'studded with provisions and conditions', according to Townsley.¹

The main contract to build the railway over a four year period was let to Messrs Clark, Punchard and Company of London. This company had extensive experience building railways in England, Sweden, Spain, Canada and South America.² To overcome the shortage of labourers in Tasmania with knowledge of railway construction, the contractor chartered the sailing vessel *Northfleet*. On 22 January 1873, it was anchored off the coast of Kent awaiting favourable winds. There were 379 persons on board, mostly workers destined for Tasmania, and a cargo of railway equipment and rails. Around 10.30 pm it was run down by the Spanish steamer *Murillo* which failed to stop, and quickly sank. Of those on board, 320 drowned, including Captain Edward KNOWLES. The *Murillo* was arrested off Dover eight months after the collision.³

Despite this tragedy the contractor had no trouble recruiting labour in Britain and by February 1873, 225 navvies (labourers) had arrived in Tasmania, bringing the total work force to 1500. On completion of the project in 1876, it totalled some 1000 men shipped out from Britain and Ireland, plus numerous labourers from the mainland and Tasmania.⁴ The Colonial Office in London received complaints about the character of some of the recruits from Britain. They were described variously in the Tasmanian parliament as being 'the worst type of Irish cockney', 'the scum of London's East End' and 'of a low type'.⁵

The route chosen by the company followed the Cole River Valley, thus enabling it to avoid the steep grades necessary to get over Constitution and Spring Hill had a more westerly route been selected. However, it did involve boring a tunnel almost one kilometre in length through sandstone at Tunnel Hill, Rhyndaston, or Flat Top as the area was known then. The TMLR route was criticised by advocates of an alternative one via Brighton, Jericho and Oatlands who employed a Victorian engineer, Mr W A ZEAL, to report on the chosen route. He described it as 'a complete sinuosity of five chain curves and 1 in 40 grades' and the Rhyndaston tunnel as 'long and costly, while its gradient was so steep as to make it dangerous'.⁶

Regardless of its critics, the route selected by Charles GRANT, Chief Engineer of the TMLR, prevailed and by mid 1873 work on the line had reached Colebrook. An inaugural 'Railway Navvies Ball' was held there on 4 July, hosted by William Charles LEWIS of the Lion Inn.⁷ Several months later, the line was nearing Rhyndaston and a camp for the workers was established near the southern end of the tunnel.

At one stage, Rhyndaston was a hive of activity with some 200 workers involved in constructing the line and excavating the tunnel, the most significant work undertaken on the entire route.⁸ The latter project was carried out by a sub

contractor who had recently finished work on the Gib railway tunnel between Mittagong and Bowral in the southern highlands of New South Wales.⁹ While many of his miners worked on the Rhyndaston tunnel, Tasmanian miners also were recruited, eg. Thomas MEEHAN. The first train traversed the tunnel on 3 July 1875 and the line became busy as rails and other supplies were transported north. It finally opened for business in 1876 and provided a strong impetus for the settlement of Rhyndaston.

A list of persons with unclaimed mail addressed to Flat Top, Flat-top Hill or Flat Top tunnel in 1874 and 1875 is shown in Table 1. It is based on lists appearing in the *Hobart Town Gazette* from March 1874 to October 1875. Persons with unclaimed mail averaged 13 a month from March to November 1874, then dwindled to 3 a month from December to October 1875 as the line progressed north. Some of the entries on the list probably refer to the same person, eg. Frank Woods, F Wood, John Walley, Mr Wally, Mr Shephard, Mr Sheppard. A further eleven men known to have worked on the tunnel from other sources, have been added to the Table.

Table 1: Residents of Rhyndaston in 1874 and 1875 during construction of the Tasmanian Main Line Railway

A	John Allen, Thomas Adams, W Anderson, Mrs G Archie, Joseph Allan
B	Walter G Bennett, James & John Brown, Thos. Bracing, Robert Baker, Mrs Mary Beemer, James Babington, Mr Bishop, G Barrett, J Barrett, M Barrett, S Barrett, H Barnwell, John Bailey, J Brownsmith*, W Baker.
C	George Collins, Mr Connor, F Collins, Mrs E Condon, T Crisp, William Carrier, Patrick Connell, John Connell [#] , Patrick Cogan
D	Mrs R Davis, William Deagan, J C Dummett, W Davis, Andrew Dawson [#] , Mrs Davis, Miss A Dobson, W Davenport
E	W Euse, Henry Elliott, D English
F	B Fleming, Daniel Freeman, William Foster, Luke Field, James Farley, Robert Fletcher, John Foster
G	Jas. Gleeson, Owen Goram, Edward Gilroy, Jas. Giles [#] , William Green [#] HRobert Henry, W Harris, John Hain, William Herdsman, H Hopkins, F Hostin, James Hickey, Richard Harrison, Mrs Mary Hammond
J	Samuel Johnson, Mrs Jackson, Thomas James, Mrs B Johnson, Mrs Jane Jones, P Jensen, Henry Jones [#]
K	D Kelleher, George Kennedy, Robert Karney, J Kennedy, Michael Kealey, Mrs King, Mrs Thomas Kerr
L	George Langdorn, William Lynn, John Leagle, Charles Lakin
M	Mr McKelvey, Thomas McKenna, Thomas Meehan [#] , Leigh McConnell, Mr McMichael, Mr Moore (senior), John Main, P Murphy, A W Martin [#]
N	F Nicholson, James Nance, Thomas Nugent
O	Frank Old
P	Thomas Parkinson, C Palmer, G W Pocock, W Parker, Edward Price, Miss Price, John Power, Thomas Poulter, Thos. Price, Robert Plummer [#]
R	Miss Charlotte Ragan, William Redding, Mr Richards, James Ratcliffe*, William Ratcliffe*
S	M Sweeny, Mrs Smith, Wm. Sullivan, E Senior, Mr Shephard, G Spark, C Sullivan, William Sculthorpe, E Sullivan, Joseph Smith, David Stewart, Wm Smith, John Stapleton, Mr Sheppard, Richard Skeggs, Thos. Strong.

- T Mrs Anne Tyne, T Turner, Thomas Talbot, Peter Tough, H Tollard, F Taylor, John Turner, Alexander Tait
- V E E Vaughan
- W John Walley, Mrs A Walley, John Wheatley, Mrs Jane Woods, James Walker, Mrs Woods, Mrs Honora Wood, Charles Williams[#], Mr Whittaker, Frank Woods, F Wood, Mrs G Webster, Joseph Watson, Mr Wilson, R Wilson, Mr Wally, G Willing, William Wooldridge*, Robert Woods*

[#] = miners (9) * = workers with no unclaimed mail (11)

A few people listed in Table 1 were not employed on building the railway. William REDDING was a police constable at Flat-top Hill in February 1874. He married Ellen MASON on 10 November 1863 at Richmond and the couple had six children, all registered in the Richmond district. A police station was established there in 1860 and operated until its closure in 1882.¹⁰

Mrs G Archie had unclaimed mail in November 1874 and was the wife of George ARCHIE. He married Harriet RIGDON on 15 December 1868 at Port Esperance. Between 1873 and 1883, he was living in Hobart and gave his occupation as a hawker, an itinerant salesman selling small items from door to door, hence his connection with Rhyndaston. He ran a store at Mount Nicholas in the Fingal Valley from 1886 to 1894 and became a farmer at Ringarooma in 1897.

Mr G WILLING and Joseph ALLAN gave their occupation as sawyers in 1875. Possibly they were employed by the TMLR to produce sawn timber by pit sawing but this is uncertain. Mr F COLLINS gave his occupation as a boot maker in April 1875.

John Thomas STRONG married Bridget MALONEY on 28 February 1854 at Hobart. He gave his occupation then as a blacksmith. Between 1857 and 1870, he was a farmer in the Port Cygnet area. He worked as a blacksmith at Flat Top in 1874 and again at Port Cygnet in 1876.

Other Rhyndaston residents in 1874 and 1875 not listed in Table 1, included John LYNCH, licensee of the Royal Oak, Hugh Francis HARDIMAN, licensee of the Camp Hotel and his wife Mary Ann, George DEAN, Flat Top's first Post Master and his wife Jeanette, and Samuel GOOD who replaced him on 15 December 1874.¹¹

Most of the men listed in Table 1 were labourers. According to John MARNEY, they were paid sixpence (5 cents) an hour for a 10 hour day and worked six days a week.¹² Nine on the list identified themselves as miners and there were probably others who could not be identified as such. William WOOLDRIDGE was a plumber and may have helped to set up the galvanised piping and fan used to ventilate the tunnel while the miners were at work.¹³ Masonry was used to line the side walls and brick rings to support the roof, so it is likely that the work force would have included stone masons and brick makers, as the bricks were fired on site.¹⁴ Mr WILSON was the sub contractor responsible for constructing the section of the permanent way that included Rhyndaston. By June 1875, he had moved on to Oatlands.

In the following cases it has been possible to positively identify the families of men employed on building the railway line or tunnel. For each couple, the date, place of birth and father's occupation is recorded for each child. The family of Thomas MEEHAN has been documented already by his great grandson John Meehan in *Tasmanian Ancestry*.¹⁵ He seems to have been one of the few Tasmanian miners

who continued to work as a miner after leaving Rhyndaston. The first three couples shown below did not have children registered in Tasmania, but it is likely that they had children after they moved to the mainland.

Andrew DAWSON (miner, aged 23) married Fanny WALLEY (storekeeper's daughter, aged 18) on 14th February 1874 at Flat-top Hill according to the rites of the Congregationalist Church. It is believed to be the first marriage to take place there.

Joseph Charles DUMMETT (railway labourer, aged 27) md Emma BOWEN (railway labourer's daughter, aged 23) on 29th September 1873 at St Peter's Anglican Church, Oatlands.

Alexander TAIT (labourer, aged 37) md Elizabeth PLEDGE (servant, aged 16) on 3rd June 1872 in the Manse of Chalmers Church, Hobart, according to the rites of the Free Presbyterian Church.

Joseph BROWNSMITH (sawyer, aged 35) md Ann BRADY (servant, aged 20) on 4th August 1856 in St Joseph's Catholic Church, Hobart. They had the following children:

Joseph	23 May 1855 (died)	Franklin	labourer
unnamed girl	29 August 1857	Glenorchy	sawyer
Joseph	29 August 1859	Glenorchy	sawyer
Randolph Augustus	11 April 1865 (died)	Brighton	labourer
Richard	8 June 1874 (died)	Flat Top	labourer

William DEAGAN or DEGAN (farmer, aged 22) md Mary Ann GORAM (spinster, aged 20) on 10 April 1877 in St Joseph's Catholic Church, Hobart. They had the following children:

unnamed boy	23 July 1879	Port Arthur	labourer
Helen Josephine	16 March 1888	Ridgeway	labourer
Michael Joseph	25 June 1893	Ridgeway	labourer

James Creaber GILES (carpenter, full age) md Elizabeth OAKLEY (spinster, full age) on 10 October 1866 at *Summer Hills* Quamby, the residence of Mr Oakley, according to the rites of the Wesleyan Church. They had a son:

John Gillam	27 August 1867	Westbury	carpenter
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Elizabeth Giles died of natural causes on 4 August 1874 at Rhyndaston.

Owen GORAM (farmer, aged 20) md Mary Ann DEGAN or DEAGAN (spinster, aged 20) on 27th November 1873 in St Joseph's Catholic Church, Hobart. They had the following children:

Mary Ann	2 January 1877	Ridgeway	labourer
John Baptist	28 July 1885	Hobart	splitter
Michael Paul	11 May 1889	Ridgeway	labourer
Catherine Margaret	25 July 1891	Ridgeway	labourer
Thomas Ernest Tasman	26 October 1895	Ridgeway	milkman

Alfred William MARTIN (dealer, full age) md Mary Naomi MATTHEWS (spinster, full age) in the residence of Thomas Farr according to the rites of the Primitive Methodist Church. They had the following children:

Eleanor Josephine	8 December 1868	Kangaroo Pt.	mariner
Grace	11 June 1871	Hobart	dealer
unnamed girl	29 September 1873	Flat Top	miner

John Cephas	25 October 1875	Richmond	constable
Frances Cecil	13 March 1878	Richmond	constable
Ada Gertrude	5 April 1880	Brighton	council clerk

Robert John PLUMMER (miner, aged 24) md Emma Jane GREEN (miner's daughter, aged 16) on 3 February 1874 at St Mark's Anglican Church, Richmond. They had one child registered in Tasmania:

Maria	18th May 1874	Flat Top	miner
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James RATCLIFFE (bachelor, full age) md Mary Ann BROOKS (spinster, aged 20) on 11 May 1870 at St Mark's Anglican Church, Richmond. They had the following children:

William Henry	12 January 1872	Richmond	labourer
Edwin James	13 November 1874	Flat Top	navvy
Elizabeth Clementina	27 December 1889	Colebrook	labourer
Harlene Maud Mary	24 December 1890	Colebrook	labourer
Lucy Esme	29 September 1893	Claremont	labourer

William RATCLIFFE (labourer, aged 26) md Julia COHEN (carpenter's daughter, aged 18) on 22 April 1872 at St Mark's Church, Kangaroo Point. They had the following children:

Florence Emily	25 May 1873	Cambridge	farm labourer
Matilda Elizabeth	3 September 1875	Flat Top	labourer
Sarah Fanny	1 October 1877	Cambridge	labourer
James Percy Metcalf	25 October 1886	Brighton	labourer
Rosetta Mildred	12 July 1889	S. Glenorchy	labourer
William Montague Metcalf	20 January 1892	Bellerive	labourer

Richard SKEGGS (labourer, aged 21) md Mary Ann SPARKS (spinster, aged 17) on 4 May 1870 at St Ann's Catholic Church, Spring Bay. They had a son:

Robert James	9 October 1872	Huntworth	labourer
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Robert WOODS (platelayer, aged 44) md Honorah HARTNETT or HICKEY (wd, aged 36) on 31 May 1873 at the Catholic Church, Westbury. They had two children:

James	25 May 1874	Westbury	labourer
unnamed boy	13 January 1877	Westbury	labourer

William WOOLDRIDGE (labourer) md Ellen Rebecca CAMPBELL (governess) in 1854 at Hobart. Their children were:

Maria Louisa	14 November 1854	Hobart	labourer
William Tasman	3 April 1857	Hobart	plumber
unnamed girl	8 May 1859	Hobart	plumber
Jessie Julia Grace	12 September 1865	Hobart	labourer

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First Impressions Aren't Always Right

Audrey Warner (Member No 6026)

When the genealogy bug first bit, a workshop session at the Queensland State Archives was an irresistible temptation, and a look through the card index showed Great Grandfather William UNDERWOOD, wife Frances (nee CAPEL) and their family arriving in Moreton Bay in 1864 on board the "Queen of the Colonies". So, now I knew just when the family first arrived in Australia with their English born offspring. Quite exciting for a first attempt one would think, so I duly advised my family!!!!

More than a year later, the Genealogical Research Directory was brought to my attention. In there I found the name of a lady in Rockhampton, Lois, researching the names UNDERWOOD and CAPEL so I made contact. Fortunately for me, she had been researching for twenty years or more and was able to provide me with conclusive information which completely upset my theory.

The trip aboard the *Queen of the Colonie*" had NOT been the first voyage to Australia for the UNDERWOODs. William had been a soldier in the 12th Regiment of Foot, the Suffolks, and while serving in Australia in the 1850's, apparently brought his wife with him, as some of those *English born* children turned out to be true blue Australians - two girls born in the Military Barracks in Hobart Town and a son and a daughter born at the Victoria Barracks, Paddington, Sydney. Research shows there appears to have been only one daughter born in England (Northamptonshire), as the eldest daughter was born in Newry, North Ireland, while William was stationed there.

William's regiment was in Sydney and at the Eureka Stockade (although I have seen no actual proof he was there). He also served at Port Arthur and in New Zealand where he was injured and soon after left the army to return to Britain and THEN to come back to Australia aboard the "Queen of the Colonies", where a further two children - a daughter and two sons including my grandfather - were born.

Great Grandmother Frances, who I never knew, must have been a very brave lady to have travelled the seas to be with her husband.

Oh, how I wish she had left a diary!!!! I think it would have been a best-seller. ●

Excursion to Port Arthur in 1842

(from *Tasmanian Journal of Natural Science*) by David Burn (Part 6)



Bidding adieu to Port Arthur, we again crossed the tramway, again embarked at the head of Norfolk Bay, arriving, after a short and pleasant sail, at Cascade. This is an incipient probation station, commenced about six or seven weeks since, under the auspices of a couple of constables, and 25 (who have

recently been augmented to 50) men. The same system is applicable to every station, with the exception that some are begun with only a few hands; but whenever they attain their full complement, they are to be worked in the manner already shown. Cascade is a charming locality, embraces a very considerable area of the richest soil, abounds with the finest timber, and is admirably watered. The gang is at present occupied clearing roads, preparing for the erection of a pier, and in the construction of the necessary buildings for reception of a large accession of strength. From Cascade we coasted to Impression Bay, some five miles distant: this is a beautiful, more advanced, and fuller-manned (100 in the gang) station. Three months have sufficed to clear and cultivate a large space of ground, to erect a variety of buildings, to establish a road of some extent, and nearly to complete a jetty. Mr ARMSTRONG, the superintendent, seemed to be an active officer: his men work well; and, in another twelve months, Impression Bay will have become a place of some importance. At this place FROST, the chartist, is at work: and having promised an acquaintance of mine and his, a man of fortune in England, who at one time had unhappily imbibed Chartist ideas, that I would if possible see FROST, I availed myself of the present opportunity to have an interview. The only indulgence he at present enjoys is that of being permitted to sleep alone: he labours in common with the gang. He has been six or seven weeks at Impression Bay; having been removed from Brown's River for insolence to the superintendent, the only instance of his having demeaned himself with impropriety. There have been many falsehoods in the English papers with respect to FROST. For example—when first landed, he was sent to Port Arthur, and there employed *without pay* as a writer, a *mere copier* in the Commandant's office. This simple fact was tortured into an alleged Government appointment of *profit* and *consideration*, upon which fruitful theme various newspapers of the day took care to ring the changes. Knowing, from long colonial experience, that such a thing could not be, I (then in London) published the matter as it actually stood. As a further instance of the "undoubted authority" of the press—three days have barely elapsed since I read a paragraph in a London weekly, copied from a Glasgow, paper, in which the journalist declares, upon the authority of a nameless person, who "reports" having seen the man in Van

Diemen's Land, that FROST was engaged with WILLIAMS in the latter's attempt to escape: pure fiction every line, FROST being then at Port Arthur, Williams at the coal-mines, more than twenty well-guarded miles apart.

The attempts at escape by boats, canoes, and catamarans are frequent; indeed, Captain BOOTH showed us a variety of such contrivances. Upon one occasion, his own crew made off with his boat. "Who'll volunteer in chase?" was the word in the penitentiary of Port Arthur. In an instant an able crew was at the Captain's command, and a second boat in earnest pursuit. The men made their oars spring again; and if the first boat had not had too great a start, she could not have failed of capture: she was re-taken soon after, and the fugitives transferred to their abandoned quarters. Upon another occasion a singular device was had recourse to.—This was a sort of packing case, about eight or nine feet in length, two feet and a half broad, and nine inches deep: it was closed and caulked both above and below,—consequently, rendered air-tight. A couple of light spars were lashed across either end, and, at their extremities, pieces of wood like enlarged bricks were secured: every precaution had been taken to guard the two fugitives against the possibility of upsetting. Unhappily, however, there was no like longitudinal preventer; and the washing ashore of two corpses, together with the crazy fabric, gave but too clear an indication of the manner in which they had met their doom. We also saw several coracles, the frame-work of wattle boughs, the covering (to serve for planking) of cotton shirts. To what desperate expedients will not men resort for liberty!

From Impression Bay we proceeded to Salt-water Creek, about five miles off. This is a remarkably fine locality, with extensive penitentiaries accommodating about 400 convicts, with barracks for a sergeant and 13 soldiers of the 96th. It is a perfect station, comprising all the requisite officers, and has been established upwards of ten months. Roads have been formed, piers constructed, land broken up and cleared; upwards of 50 acres being luxuriantly cropped with cabbages, potatoes, turnips, &c. The soil is extremely fertile, and of very considerable extent and as spade is the only husbandry employed, the land is certain of being well worked and pulverised. Many, who are friendly to the introduction of convicts, inveigh loudly against the Probation System.—It requires a fair trial.

The probation gangs are opening up many invaluable locations, and creating settlements of infinite importance. Until they were placed upon it, Tasman's Peninsula was either unknown, despised, or deemed too densely wooded for any individual to adventure upon. There are now four flourishing stations thereon; roads are forming to connect them with each other, piers are constructing for the shipment of produce, and large openings are making in the forests; so that, discontinue the system a couple of years hence, and even then Tasmania will have gained a vast accession of richly productive agrestial [sic] territory. FROST'S son-in-law, GEACH, is at Salt-water Creek. He was ill in hospital in the hands of my clever friend Dr AGNEW; but, entertaining no desire, I did not visit him.

Our Thursday's tour ended at the Coal-mines, a station semi-probationary, semi-penal. It contains an extensive stone penitentiary, to which large additions are about to be made; a military barrack for 30 men, officers' quarters, commissariat store, and sundry other stone edifices. The scenery around is superb. We landed at 7

o'clock in the evening, dined and took up our quarters with Lieutenant Barclay of the 96th. Next morning, I descended the main shaft along—with Captain BOOTH: it is fifty-two yards deep. The winch was manned by convicts under punishment: one stroke of the knife might sunder the rope, and then—however it has never been tried; deeds of ferocity being very unfrequent. A gang on the surface worked the main pump, and another below plied a horizontal or slightly inclined draw-pump, which threw the water into the chief well. The seam has been excavated 110 yards from the shaft, having also several chambers diverging right and left: the height of the bore is 4 feet. The quality of the coal partakes much more of anthracite than of bitumen; it flies a good deal, but produces intense heat. The mines are esteemed the most irksome punishment the felon encounters, because he is not a practised miner, and because he labours, night and day, eight hours on a spell. Continued stooping, and close atmosphere, caused our party to be bedewed with perspiration. I cannot, therefore, wonder at the abhorrence, of the compulsory miner in loathing what I conceive to be a dreadful vocation,—a vocation I should think that those who had once been forced to, would in future, when relieved, most earnestly avoid. After breakfast, we walked across the tongue of Slopem Main; and shaking my kind host, Captain BOOTH, cordially by the hand, embarked for Ralph's Bay Neck in his boat. After four hours' dead pull to windward, against a strong breeze and heavy sea, we landed on the further shore of Frederick Henry Bay. From this, a walk of seven miles through Rokeby and Clarence Plains conducted to Kangaroo Point. Here we again took boat, and, in another half hour, trod the shores of Sullivan's Cove, where I shall for the present call a halt, hoping that the reader may have derived pleasure, if not profit, from my excursion to Port Arthur. ●

This article is taken from the *Tasmanian Journal of Natural Science, Agriculture, Statistics, &c* 1842, Vol.1, pp. 291-295, available on the National Library of Australia web site. It follows the *Tasmanian Ancestry* articles in the series entitled "An Excursion to Port Arthur in 1842", sourced from the *Launceston Examiner* of 1890.

Comments on "An Excursion to Port Arthur"

Geoff Dean (Member No 6020)

Many readers would have enjoyed the series of articles entitled "An Excursion to Port Arthur in 1842": the writing was so vivid that I could taste the salt spray and feel the wind on my face as the schooner *Eliza* sailed down the river Derwent (*Tasmanian Ancestry*—26/4 pp.260–265; 27/1 pp.16–21; and 27/2 pp.120–123). The articles were attributed to the *Launceston Examiner*, [(from an old manuscript) by *Flying Fish*] from 1890, but the work has been published on at least four other occasions, each of which contains something of interest for us.

It was first published in 1842 in the *Tasmanian Journal of Natural Science, Agriculture, Statistics, &c*, Vol. 1, pp.265–295 and, to our delight, that publication is available in facsimile on the internet at the National Library of Australia web site. From there we learn that the author of the account was David BURN (b.1799–d.1875) a settler and journalist well-known in Van Diemen's Land at the time.

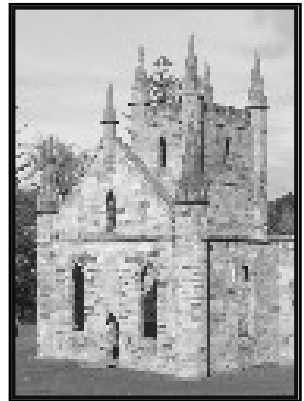
In 1892 the work was published by J.W. BEATTIE (Photographer, Wellington Bridge, Hobart) and, in 1972, H.A. EVANS & Son (Melbourne) produced a facsimile edition of the 1892 work. A careful examination of inconsistencies between texts

indicates that the 1890 and 1892 editions were probably taken independently from the same hand-written manuscript, without reference to the 1842 published edition. I have also seen a catalogue listing for an edition published in Launceston by 'The Examiner and Courier Offices', with no date, but 'about 1912'.

For lovers of nineteenth-century posters, the facsimile of the 1892 edition had a series of interesting and ornate advertisements as follows: Excursion steamship S.S. *Nubeena*—WHITEHOUSE Bros., Proprietors; *Carnarvon Hotel*, Port Arthur—Mrs COWAN, Proprietress; Conveyances, *Taranna* to Port Arthur—Geo. WELLARD, Proprietor; Eaglehawk Neck, accommodation, Mrs. RISBY, Proprietress; Tasman's Hotel, Taranna, James BACHELOR, Proprietor. The edition is available for sale second hand, and in libraries.

In the Foreword to the 1972 edition Bruce L.EVANS states that there were other (ie. unrelated) accounts of Port Arthur, published in 1837, in ELLISTON'S *Hobart Town Almanac*, and ROSS'S *Van Diemen's Land Annual*.

A comparison of the 1890 text in *Tasmanian Ancestry* with the facsimile of the 1842 original reveals that, on more than a dozen occasions, words have been changed inadvertently which no doubt resulted in confusion for the modern reader. Comments were made about two convicts identified only as 'J', a Chartist, and 'W. who can now be identified as JONES and WILLIAMS; and there were a 'dozen' refractory lads in the mess for which JONES was overseer. 'Skilly', served to convicts for supper, we learn is "a drink of water thickened by boiling a small portion of flour therein." In 1842 BURN described the convict quarters as 'comfortable,' but that word was singled out for deletion in the 1890 and 1892 editions.



Some wonderful archaisms were lost: 'waggon' became 'wagon', and 'felons' became 'convicts'; the convicts no longer 'chaunt' the psalms; 'godliness' was downgraded to 'goodliness'; 'carronades' became 'guns'; the 'public behoof' became the public behalf'; and exclamation marks, colons and semi-colons were no longer preceded by a space, and so became less prominent. But the best anachronism is the description of Dead Men's Isle as 'sea-girt', in a rare encounter of the intriguing word we meet in our National Anthem.

Some errors crept in—the muster of boys and girls was 34, not 84; the Regiment at Flinders Bay was the 96th not the 99th; the blankets were 'rolled' not 'folded', and anyone who has endured a daily blanket inspection would smile at the distinction. An omission which I found interesting was that, as well as providing 'visiting permission' and 'an order for a passage', His Excellency, Sir John FRANKLIN, "in the kindest manner, added a personal letter of introduction to the Commandant."

The best news of all is that BURN'S excursion continued to other destinations and that text will be provided in a separate article. ●

Wheeling And Dealing In Hard Times.

Allison Carins (Member No 668)

When my husband, Peter, was researching for his book, "*My Father Told Me*", he read through his father's diaries, called "*Daily Doings*" in which were recorded with much detail, the day to day events, work, farm and domestic matters, income and accounts paid, etc., over a period of 30 years, 1920-1950. Incidentally, when Tom died suddenly on Jan. 23rd. 1950, Peter took up the pen and has continued the diaries to the present day – a record of 86 years.

Some of the most interesting and indeed at times, quite humorous entries were about how they managed with very little cash flow. Tom employed a number of men, some even during the worst of the Depression (1929-30). Wages were low, but so was his income. Every penny counted, bartering and trading was the order of the day; buying and selling anything whereby even a small profit might be made. Farm produce, such as butter and eggs were exchanged at the grocer's for groceries. Even in the towns, most people kept fowls and had a vegetable garden, maybe a cow as well – grazing anywhere there was grass available. Tom and family had moved to Winnaleah in 1918. He was first a bushman, getting out logs with bullock teams. Later he established his own saw mills, supplying timber both locally and further afield. He bought farmland whenever he had enough for a deposit, cleared it of the good timber and grew crops, especially fodder for the 60 bullocks used in the bush and on the farm. Tom employed men in the bush and on the farm. He kept meticulous records of their working hours. He was a part-time butcher, the work done after tea by lantern light, and supplied locals and employees. Wages were reckoned, less rent (if applicable), so much for the run of a horse and so much for meat. One such wage payment, for a bushman who camped on the job, was as follows: "Wages for eight days, £6, less – 6 dozen eggs, 6/- ; 3 lbs butter, 3/-; tax stamps. 1/6; cheque £5/9/6. (N.B. £1 = \$2, 1/- = 10c, 6d(pence) = 5c.)

During the Depression, there were no markets for timber, so Tom had to close the mill, but kept three men on at the farm. Wages dropped to 7/- a day. Eighteen months later things improved a little and he decided to start the mill again. He offered his men a shilling an hour till he could afford to pay more. They were happy to have a job, even at such a low wage. Tom grew potatoes and swedes and the locals bought these, and most had access to catching wallabies or rabbits, so families survived. Contract diggers received 9 pence (7 ½ c) a sack bag of potatoes (with a fork!). Tom sent 7 tons of potatoes to Hobart and cleared £24/13/-, while 7 tons to Sydney cleared £23/3/8. (Note – a sack bag weighed 150 lbs or 67 kgs.)

Cheques and postal notes were often handed round to pay debts, as this payment received by Tom. "Received from F.R. (who was buying a block of land) half yearly interest. Notes £2, silver 1/-, postal note 5/-, Gov. cheque in favour of L.B. 10/-, total £2/16/0. Another example of the detailed recording is this purchase from a man moving interstate. It reads: 3 cows @ £3/10/-, 1 ditto £3/-, 6 calves @ 10/-, one collar and sundries £1/-, 1 chain 5/-, 1 pig £2/5/-, 3 turkeys @ 10/-, 9 smaller turkeys @ 5/-, less one heifer, bal. still owing, £1/14/11 (evidently a debt owed to Tom), paid £22/0/1.

Outstanding debts were collected in various ways and sometimes after a long wait. For instance there was one man who did not pay for a day's hire of some bullocks, but three years later, Tom bought logs from him and paid the account—less one day's work three years before! Generally, though, most people had a sense of self-respect and didn't like to be in debt. Tom understood this, and made things as easy as he could. One lady had bought some timber, and Tom went to collect this overdue payment. She explained that she did not have enough money to pay. Tom had a stock question on these occasions. "Well what have you got?" She replied, "I only have ten shillings, and I have some lettuce plants." Tom said that would do and came home with the money and the plants. Honour was restored and the matter finalised.

Some time in the 1920's, Tom decided to buy a car. He was always short of capital to pay for anything, so as usual it was on time payment. There was a condition: he would only buy the car if an instructor were sent with it to teach him how to drive it. It took a week, as the poor instructor had to fit in the lessons to suit Tom's busy schedule! He returned by train. Tom decided to sell the buggy that the car replaced. Mr Franklin, of Weldborough, was employed by Tom. He had a large family and needed the buggy, but he could not even pay a deposit. "Well", asked Tom, "What have you got?" He replied, "I have four little pigs, and I could split you some palings." The deal was as good as finalised. Tom went up to Weldborough and collected the pigs. The story goes that he sold two of them before he arrived home! Mr Franklin split so many palings, that in the end, Tom had to pay him 15/-! Palings were often received for payment. Men who were out of work could split them and Tom would buy them. When he had 2200 on hand, a railway truck load, they would be sent to Launceston and he would be reimbursed and make a small profit. (worth about £20)

Even in better times, there were problems. It was one thing to find a sale for produce and another to get the money owing. Many times Tom went to Launceston to do the rounds among the saw millers that he had supplied with logs, seeking payment or an advance payment, however small, to convince the bank manager that money was on the way. When all efforts failed and the bank would not honour the cheque, there was one last resource. He would take some of his stock to the monthly sale, and bid for them and buy them back, thus getting a cheque for his stock within seven days, and an account to be paid in 30 days. The Bank Manager received a big cheque and my father had credit for three weeks. A lot could happen in three weeks! And he still kept his cattle.

Tom sometimes had to act as "banker" for his men. Few had bank accounts or cheque books, so they would ask Tom to write out a cheque if an account had to be paid by post and it could be deducted from their next pay, or reimbursed in some other way. Ben, a neighbour, used Tom as his bank, asking for some cash, or to pay an account, but every now and then there had to be a reckoning. It could be complicated. This time, Ben asked Tom to take his Jersey bull to the sale and sell it for him. The bull failed to sell, so Ben asked Tom to buy it and £8 was the agreed price. Tom got out his cheque book and reminded Ben that he had paid his insurance, so that would have to be deducted; whereupon Ben then remarked that he only had a half share in the bull; so another cheque would need to go to the

neighbour for his share. However Tom realised that this farmer also had an unpaid account with him, so that, too, was deducted! However did he keep track of all these deals and adjustments? They were all taken down and recorded in detail in the "*Daily Doings*".

Tom was never rich, in fact some of his land purchases were not finalised till after his death, but he was known far and wide as an honest and generous man, helping many in different ways. One man asked him to buy some cattle and named the prices he wanted. Tom could have just accepted that, but told the man they were worth more and paid the fair price. Another woman, forced to sell up and move, sent her son to ask Tom to buy their few cows and calves. She had no idea of the value, but believed Mr Carins was a fair man and she would accept what he considered they were worth.

He was only one of many in those times, who provided employment, or helped families to not only survive but sometimes to help them get started in some enterprise. Country folk have always had to care for one another and work together, and this is needed just as much these days though times are very different. ●

Acknowledgement:

Information from "*My Father Told Me*", the Story of Tom Carins by Peter Carins

Captain Patrick Wood

An Anglo-Indian Settler

Shirley Foster

A number of Anglo-Indians who had served with the Honourable East India Company played a part in the early development of Tasmania. The link with people from the sub-continent goes back to Lieutenant John HAY, (1768-1831), a naval officer who whilst on a private voyage of discovery in 1792 named the Derwent River. The British claimed the island in 1803 and the invasion of Van Diemen's Land began.

One of the early settlers was thirty nine year old Captain Patrick WOOD (b.1783), a retired officer backed by James DENNISTOUN (1758-1835) the founder of the Glasgow Banking Company, who arrived on the Castle Forbes in 1822 with Scottish workers and their families and received a grant in the Clyde Valley. His experienced farm manager and friend Philip RUSSELL (1796-1844), whose brother George Russell (1812-1888) was among the squatters who followed Batman to Port Phillip in 1835 and settled at Golf Hill, near Geelong, was a very capable farmer. Captain Wood's late-Georgian stone home, *Dennistoun*, was built by the stone mason he brought out with him as were many other homes in the district. Like other Anglo-Indian settlers he was well educated so donated 150 books from his own collection to help establish the Bothwell Library. He imported Aberdeen Angus from Fife in 1822, increased his holding in the valley from 2,000 to 7,000 acres, fenced, and watered over 1,000 acres from the river's tributaries. The Captain's barrister son, John Dennistoun Wood (1829-1914), who was born in Tasmania, took his degree in Scotland and was a Tasmanian MP from 1903-1909. Wood's pastoral enterprises heralded the birth of the Clyde Pastoral Company but sadly the courageous Big River Tribe, like other Tasmanian aboriginals, lost their home land. ●

Can We Believe All That We Read In An Obituary?

Maree Ring (Member No 552)

In the last *Tasmanian Ancestry* (Vol 27 No 4 March 2007) was, from Forest News, *Launceston Examiner*, the obituary of Mrs Tuthill of Stanley. What a brilliant obituary. Or was it?

It stated that at the time of her death she was the longest living Tasmania native (not aborigine, but native born, ie born in Tasmania). Was she?

It states she was born 16 November 1807—I'm not about to disagree with this as when she was baptised in December 1809 by the Reverend Bobby Knopwood; her date of birth, along with many others, was not given. Mary Ann was the daughter of Benjamin Briscoe and Sarah Gooding who were married the previous year 24 October 1808¹

Her uncle was most probably Mark Bunker (not Brunstone) who married Sarah Briscoe in 1820. When Mary Ann married William J PARROTT (not J Panott) in January 1825² (not 1824) she was aged 16 which tends to suggest she was born 1808/9 rather 1807.

By 1831 as Mary PARROTT, she had a child (George)³ to William COCKERILL (not B [but was he known by the nickname Bill?] COCKERELL) but his baptism appears to be only one in the registrar-general's records. No doubt family researchers have sorted this out and have found the other ten children mentioned in the obituary.

As Mary Ann GOODWIN, she married Thomas CARROLL in 1846 to whom 4 children were born in the Horton district. Three children⁴ were mentioned in the article. Sylvester was born in 1850, died a month later⁵, and may not have been remembered by his siblings.

Thomas CARROLL died on Boxing Day, 1862 and then seventeen months later married Robert TUTHILL (it appears as LUTHILL on the Tasmanian Pioneer Index). After seventeen years of marriage Robert died in Launceston in 1891⁶. Mary Ann died 3 October 1896⁷.

Was Mary Ann the longest living Tasmania native? At that time, evidence suggests that she wasn't. James' baptism was six months earlier than the suggested date of the birth of Mary Ann Briscoe of 16 November 1807. James Gangel (sic) was baptised on 26 May 1807⁸, the son of William and Ann Gangel(l)⁹; his date of birth again not given. His death was three months later than Mary Ann on 17 January 1897.¹⁰ His age at his death was 90. At the time the *Tasmanian Mail* suggested that he was the oldest native—born resident of the colony.¹¹ Was he? Possibly he was; he certainly was older than Mary Ann.

After his death he was noted as the third white child born in Tasmania. Was he? Probably not.

His brother William Henry was baptised three weeks before James; if his age of 30 given at William's death in November 1835¹¹ is to be believed, he would have been born about 1805 and thus older than James. From the earliest days of settlement at Sullivan's Cove there were at least 30 children baptised prior to William Henry and James, so it is most doubtful that James would have been the third child born in the colony.

Thirty years after James' death, the *Illustrated Tasmanian Mail* published a similar article entitled "Tasmania in the Past" relating to John Gangel (sic). It noted his parent's marriage between William and Ann was the first in the colony.¹³ Ironically it was then stated "from it [the marriage] have sprung three flourishing families – those of the Gangels (sic), Oakleys and the Patmores."¹⁴

Yes, these families are descended from William Gangell, but Ann is not their ancestor. Ann died in 1816¹⁵ and although she bore two male children, there were few descendants with the Gangell surname. William Henry had mostly daughters and only one son married and had children. James' wife Ellen bore only a daughter! William remarried Mary Lee in 1819¹⁶ and it was from this marriage that the majority of the Gange(l)s, as well as all of the Oakleys and the Patmores descend.

The article of 1921 also suggested that the photograph shown in the paper as being 'unique' of its kind. Then asking "Can anyone beat it?" It is not known if anyone could. (The photograph was also printed at the time of James' death.)

Perhaps the moral of this story is that all research should be verified, whether it be an article in the paper or found on a database—in the case of a vital record—birth, baptism, marriage, death, burial—go back to the original and perhaps additional information may be found.

As it can be seen, the human foible of exaggeration appears from time to time, especially in obituaries.

This appears to be the case with Lavinia CHILCOTT whose obituary in 1918¹⁷ stated she had 22 children. She may well have had that number, but only 15 were registered.¹⁸ The Family Register of her Bible lists another, making 16 and her baptism subsequently confirming her birth. With the children born within a thirty-year period, there doesn't appear to be too many "spaces" for Lavinia to have single stillborn children. Did Lavinia have pregnancies with twins (or more?) where only one was a live birth? Or was the report in her obituary an exaggeration? Sadly the number of children she had now cannot be proved.

The story of the death of Charles Chilcott who died in Cornwall in April 1815 age 72¹⁹ was reported 3 and half years later in the *Hobart Town Gazette* of 14 November 1818. At the time he had no descendants in Van Diemens Land/Tasmania. After the immigration of two of his grandsons over 170 years ago, now, there would be many hundreds of descendants however, whether all are here in Tasmania is only supposition. Charles' death was reported here, as he would have been a rare phenomenon in England. "...*Giant Chilcott ...was six feet four inches high, without shoes; he measured around the breast nearly six feet nine inches and weighed four hundred and sixty pounds. He was almost continually smoking; the stem of his pipe his pipe two inches long, and he consumed three pounds of tobacco weekly. One of his stockings would contain three gallons of wheat. The curiosity of strangers, who came to visit him, gave him evident pleasure; and his usual salute, on such occasions, was, 'Come under my arm, little fellow.'*"

Let us hope that this report is factual and not exaggerated as it would now be impossible to prove, and he does sound quite a congenial ancestor!

William Gangell and Ann Skelhorn are my great, great, great grandparents; Lavinia Chilcott my great grandmother and Charles Chilcott, my great, great, great, great grandfather. ●

1. Baptism 1809/79; Marriage 1808/29
 2. Marriage 1825/786
 3. Baptism 1831/4168
 4. Marriage 1846/4004; Births, 1847/ 487; 1849/524; and 1851/259 all Horton
 5. Birth 1850/558 and death 1850/19 both Horton
 6. Death 1862/214 Horton ; Marriage 1864/381 Horton; Death 1891/67 Launceston;
 7. Death 1896/699 Stanley
 8. Baptism 1807/36
 9. The family now seem to have uniformly adopted the surname GANGELL
 10. He died in Hobart as John James Eli Gangel on 17 January 1897 (ref 1897/1106 Hobart) and is buried at Cornelian Bay. (As James GANGELL/he married Ellen Benson in Hobart November 1836 and their only daughter, another Mary Ann was born 7 August 1837.)
 11. *Tasmanian Mail* 30 January, 1897 p17 col 1.
 12. Baptism 1807/37; Burial 1835/3988
 13. Marriage 1804/3
 14. *Tasmanian Mail*, 9 Jun 1921 p47
 15. Burial regn 1817/224
 16. Marriage 1819/301
 17. *Zeehan and Dundas Herald* 9 October 1918
 18. Can be found on Tasmanian Pioneer Index 1852-1882
- His age was given as only 60 but actual age (baptised in February 1742) was 72.
-

Descendants of Convicts' Group Inc. 1788-1868

Any person who has convict ancestors, or who has an interest in convict life during the early history of European settlement in Australia, is welcome to join the above group.

Those interested may find out more about the group and receive an application form by writing to:

The Secretary
Descendants of Convicts Group
PO Box 12224, A'Beckett Street, VIC 8006
Australia
<http://home.vicnet.net.au/~dgcginc/>

Overseas Cemeteries Trust

The Royal Commonwealth Society has been approached by Lt-Col Anthony Lake who is setting up a charity called the Overseas Cemeteries Trust to take responsibility for all Commonwealth graves and monuments worldwide. Many of the cemeteries are mixed military and civilian. They are located in all Commonwealth countries and some non-Commonwealth countries. There are some 1,043 of these cemeteries in India alone.

Over the years for various reasons the cemeteries have become neglected. The object of the charity with the help of the Commonwealth War Graves Commission is to restore all these cemeteries. The charity has sponsorship from a number of leading companies. It will be officially launched on 20th March at a ceremony at Trinity House in London in the presence of HRH Prince Phillip. Lt-Col Lake is happy to be contacted about his work. He believes that his work has educational value and that these cemeteries form part of Commonwealth history. He can be contacted at:-

18 Chester House, 17 Eccleston Place, London SW1W 9NF

Tel: +44- 07979-536236 Email: Anthony.lake@virgin.net

Contact: The Branches & Societies Newsletter of the Royal Commonwealth Society: 9 Feb 2007

Genes on Screen

Vee Maddock

Do you know where your data is? It appears most people don't. If you allow your computer to control where it keeps files and if you don't have reliable backups of the irreplaceable ones then be prepared to lose them and the hours it took to create them.

Managing your files is not difficult.

www.angelfire.com/extreme/helpme/Tutorial3.htm gives a step by step tutorial of file management.

Once you can recognise where a file is being saved by your computer you can start organising your backups.

A lot of confusion exists in how and what to backup your computer. Even the most basic backup is better than none at all. Computer technicians have a saying, "Don't ask 'if' your hard drive will fail, but 'when?'"

There are programs available which will copy your entire computer set up, but remember it's the document you made last week that's really irreplaceable.

So, how do you back up your files? The easiest way is simply to copy your files to another location using USB drives, CDs, zip drives, email, or a number of other options.

Which files do you need to back up?

Anything you've created (or saved), so all documents from Word, spreadsheets from Excel, websites you've saved, adobe documents you've downloaded, text documents and more. You don't need to copy the programs that created them, like MSWord, Windows, Office, Outlook, etc because you should have the installation

disks for those programs. Even if you don't, simply copying programs that are already installed usually does not mean the program will work in another situation. You should copy any photos or scans you have, and any music you've bought or downloaded. Also any software that you have downloaded from the internet (especially the ones you've bought.) Copy the original download file, not the folder it created when you installed it. If you have play lists on the computer for your music remember to copy them too.

Find out how to back up your email (Outlook, Eudora, Netscape, etcetera) and make a copy of that. (A Google search will bring up step by step instructions.) Also your email address book. Then copy your internet favourites or bookmarks.

If you use calendar software you should back that up too.

Most important is to find where your family history program stores your data and make copies of those files (Not backups through the program, actually copy the data files).

Copy all these files and store them away from your computer, even in another house, and you can rest a little easier.

<http://www.angelfire.com/extreme/helpme/Tutorial12.htm> explores backups in more detail.

Remember it's never too soon to do a back up. Tomorrow may be the day your computer fails

Burnie Branch

<http://www.clients.tas.webnet.com.au/geneal/burnbranch.htm>

President Peter Cocker (03) 6435 4103

Secretary Ann Bailey (03) 6431 5058

PO Box 748 Burnie Tasmania 7320

email: petjud@bigpond.com



Firstly I must take this opportunity to remind all members that you can still register for the **AGM that will be held at Burnie on 16th June**. I trust that we will provide an interesting weekend for you. We are lucky to have John Donaldson from VicGum who will give a presentation on Genealogy Software. John has been involved with VicGum for many years and has a wealth of knowledge to share with us. Craig Broadfield, a North West Coast Antique Dealer, will

host a mini 'Antique Roadshow'; members are invited to bring along small family heirlooms or antique items for an appraisal. Craig will attempt to appraise as many items as he can. As we are all interested in Family History and how our ancestors coped with early settlement of Australia, Tracy's presentation of her experiences on 'The Colony' must not be missed. It will certainly provide an insight of our ancestor's battle with the early settlement of Australia.

Our Branch has been very busy since we opened reopened after Christmas. Just a reminder for all members, we now have facilities available for you to purchase and download Scottish certificates online, using the branch's secure credit process. You can get your Scottish Certificate while you wait.

Due to sickness and overseas travel some of our usual regular volunteers and members have been absent from our library. We wish a speedy recovery to those who are sick and we are green with envy to those who have managed to travel. Big thanks to those that have helped with photographing headstones in our local cemeteries.



Volunteers about to start at the Somerset Cemetery

Acquisitions

Books

- Aitken, Leanne, *Our Schools & Pioneer Families A History of Stowport, Natone, Camena & Upper Natone, Camena & Upper Natone*
- * Barnett, Guy, *Our Heroes Tasmania's Victoria Cross Recipients*
 - Charter, Kathy & Fowler, Simon, *Finding about Your Family History*
 - * Freda Jones & Tom Sullivan, *In the path of the Roaring Forties Memories of King Island*
 - * Grieve, Betty J, *The Grieve French Newton Shipton Family Connection 1854-2004*
 - * Hardy, Pauline, *Turning Back The Hands of Time, A brief history of Thomas Walker Hardy, his ancestors & his descendants.*
 - Knole, Wendy K, *Index to news items & obituaries of WW1 servicemen & women in Tasmanian weekly magazines Vol1 Tasmanian Mail*
 - * National Library of Aust & Library of NSW, *Australian Joint Copying Project Handbook Part 1*
 - Ratcliffe, Richard, *Basic Facts about Quarter Session Records*
 - Raymond, Stuart A, *Introducing Family History*
 - * Thorne, David, *In Search of the Hundred A History of the Thorne Family*
 - Tomaselli, Phil, *The Anglo-Boer War 1899-1902*

*Indicates donated items

Devonport Branch

<http://www.tfhsdev.com>

President John Dare (03) 6424 7889

Secretary Elaine Garwood (03) 6424 4005

PO Box 587 Devonport Tasmania 7310

email: secretary@tfhsdev.com



Members and friends attended a branch meeting where Jim Rouse gave a presentation on the availability and use of a variety of illustrated family charts. Using a digital slide show he highlighted the choices on offer of both printed and digital charts, where free charts can be obtained from and how to incorporate charts into a family history narrative.

The Saturday visit to the Sheffield Museum in March proved popular and members took the opportunity to view the Kentish municipality's memorabilia and local history collection. Lunch followed at the local Highland Scene Shoppe.

The AGM held in April saw a new committee installed and we wish them well for the coming year.

Our local branch newsletter *ILMO* continues to keep members aware of what is going on in the Devonport Branch. We are seeking to reduce costs associated with printing and postage and are asking Devonport members, if they have not already done so, to provide their email address to news@tfhsdev.com so future newsletters can be emailed.

Attendances at the Branch Library at 117 Gilbert St Latrobe continue to grow, resources are well organized and the volunteer staff are always ready to help with their extensive local knowledge.

Planned Meeting and Activities:

- Military workshop at branch library in Latrobe **Saturday April 21st**
- Meeting with guest speaker NW historian Faye Gardam at State Library Meeting Room in Devonport, 7.30 pm start on **Thursday 31st May**
- Bus trip to Launceston to visit the Community Museum in the morning and the Launceston Branch Library during the afternoon on **Saturday 30th June**
- Mid year dinner at Boscobell's in Ulverstone on **Thursday evening 26th July**
- Bus trip to Branch Library for research on **Saturday 28th July**
- Meeting with guest speaker Bill Boyd at State Library Meeting Room in Devonport, 7.30 pm start on **Thursday 30th August**

Please contact Secretary secretary@tfhsdev.com to make a booking or for any further details on these events check our website.

Acquisitions

Books

- * Allan, Barry, *Sophia Grantham also known as Kezia Tregilgus*
Bissett, Muriel & Betty. *Index to Launceston Examiner Vol. 11 1894–1896*

- Chamberlain, Hedley,
- * *Anniversary Notices of Births, Deaths, & Marriages published in The Advocate Newspaper 1988*
 - * *Anniversary Notices of Births, Deaths, & Marriages published in The Advocate Newspaper 1989*
 - * *Accidents, Obituaries, & Funeral Notices published in The Advocate Newspaper 1988–1989*
 - * *Hookway, Eileen, Trunk, Boughs & Branches – History of the Harlow, Bell & Hume Families*
 - * *Mus, Karen, Jonathan Griffiths & Eleanor MacDonald Families*
Ratcliffe, Richard, Basic Facts about...Quarter Session Records
Raymond, Stuart A., Introducing Family History
 - * *Weeding, J S, The History of St. Luke's Church, Bothwell, Tasmania 1830–1980*
 - * *Wilson, Patricia & Crossin, Judith, Billing – Isobel Cuthbert (1820–1880) and Samuel Billing (1818–1871)*

CD-Rom

ABM Publishing,
1871 Census Shelton, Stoke-On-Trent
1841 Census Derby Borough, Derbyshire
Phillimore Parish Records
Nottinghamshire Vol. 9 (Marriages)
Somerset Vol. 9 (Marriages)

* Indicates donated items

Hobart Branch

<http://www.hobart.tasfhs.org>

President Brian Hortle (03) 6225 2124 email: president@hobart.tasfhs.org

Secretary Leo Prior (03) 6228 5057 or 0419 527 542

PO Box 326 Rosny Park Tasmania 7018

email: secretary@hobart.tasfhs.org



The Hobart Branch started the year with the February meeting. Adrian Howard spoke eloquently on the development of the Soldier's Memorial Walk on the Domain in Hobart. He followed a review of the history of the walk with an explanation of the recent and ongoing development of the memorial avenue.

The task of obtaining interesting speakers for our monthly meetings is quite daunting and it is good to hear from Robert Tanner that he has successfully filled all monthly speaking positions for the rest of the year. Congratulations Robert.

A pleasant afternoon tea was held at Vee Maddock's home in Lindisfarne in April to thank all the many volunteers who are responsible for the continuing work of the Branch and its committees. Once more we gratefully acknowledge the kind assistance of Vee and her mother in helping us celebrate the work of these important persons.

The Publications Sub-Committee is continuing the work of indexing the “*Mercury*” and the Sorell Lower Court Records. They are also working on the final stage of the production of the Bruny Island cemeteries CD. Another group is well on the way to completing the Oatlands area cemeteries CD. We are grateful to Peter Astley-Bogg who has generously given his time and considerable expertise in photographing cemetery headstones and memorials throughout the southern district of the State. His excellent work has been central to the CD production exercise.

Early in the year we reluctantly accepted the resignation of our Treasurer, Clint Ayres. He has served the Branch efficiently in this difficult task. We realised how important this work is when we tried to find a replacement treasurer. Thank you Clint for your work on the Branch committee.

At the time of writing we have not heard from the Clarence Council regarding the rental for our library. We have paid for a half year at the past rate and hope that we will soon receive a satisfactory reply from the Council regarding our ongoing lease of the premises.

The Branch Committee has formed a small working group to start preliminary discussions on the 2009 AGM in Hobart. It seems a long way in the future but there are actions that need to be taken well ahead of time to ensure a satisfactory venue and speakers.

General Meetings

Members are reminded that all the general meetings in 2007 will be held, as usual, at the Rosny Library building in Bligh Street on the third Tuesday in the month at 8pm. Visitors are welcome at all these meetings.

The next meetings are listed below.

- **Tuesday 19 June:** Ms Mary Ramsay. “The convict mix in Bothwell”
- **Tuesday 17 July:** Dr Ralph Spaulding. Topic to be announced later—*check the website*
- **Tuesday 21 August:** Prof. Lucy Frost. “Scottish female convicts in Van Diemen’s Land: the *Atwick* (1838)”
- **Tuesday 18 September:** Ms Jewel Beresford. “Gemmology”

Family History Computer Users Group

Branch library - 2nd Wednesday of the month at 7.30 pm.

WISE Interest Group

Branch library – 1st Sunday of February, May, August and November at 2 pm.

Family History Writers Group

Branch library – third Thursday of each month between 12.30 and 2.30 pm.

Research Workshop

Organised workshops have been disbanded. Members with research problems can seek help of library assistants during the opening hours of the library. If this is not convenient they may call Cynthia O’Neill, the Members Liaison Officer, for assistance. Her contact number is (03) 6243 6200 or by email at news@hobart.tasfhs.org.

Details of these meetings and other activities may be found on our website

Acquisitions

Books

- * Allen, Wyn & Barry Malcolm, *Weidenhofer Reminiscences Stories and Photos*.
- Alexander, Alison, *Brighton and Surrounds: A history of Bagdad, Bridgewater, Brighton, Broadmarsh, Dromedary, Elderslie, Mangalore, Old Beach, Pontville and Tea Tree*.
- * Baker, Alan, *Index to The Mercury Deaths 1967*.
- * Barter, Susan, *WINSPEAR: History and Recollections 1783–2001*.
- * Beavis, Betty, *Sliding Gunter: An appreciation of early Warrnambool*.
- Bissett, Muriel & Betty, *Index to Launceston Examiner Vol. 11 1894–1896*.
- Bolt, Frank, *The Founding of Hobart—A diary recounting the events on the Derwent in 1803–1904*.
- * Campbell, James L.A., *Many Parts: The life and times of a man of many parts William Roadknight 1792–1862 and his family and brother Thomas*. [Q929.2 CAM]
- * Clark, Shayne, *The Clarks of Ellendale*.
- * Daniel, Ann, *Spirit of Independence (The Morris Family)*. [
- Dickens, L, 'Chas', *50 Not Out: Clarence District Cricket Club Inc. 1956–2006*.
- * Douglas, Elizabeth, *Leading Lights: The story of the Warrnambool Lighthouses and Lighthouse Keepers*.
- Hookway, Eileen, *TRUNCK, BOUGHS and BRANCHES: History of the Harlow, Bell & Hume Families*
- * Johnson, Sue & Brian Winspear, *Tasmanians at War in the Air 1939–1945*.
- Howard, Patrick, *The Zeehan El Dorado: A history of Zeehan*.
- * Langley, Anne, *Warwick County Asylum: The first Reformatory outside London*.
- * Liverpool Record Office, *Liverpool Record Office: A Handlist of Church of England Parish Records*.
- * Luyendyk, Rosemary, *Ocean's Child: The Tasmanian ancestry of Rosemary, Christine, Peter, Watson and Jeffrey O'Neal as written by Rosemary Luyendyk nee O'Neal*.
- * McCorkell, H.A. & Peter Yule, *A Green and Pleasant Land: A history of Koroit*.
- * National Trust of Australia (Tas), *Clarendon via Evandale, Tasmania: A brief history and catalogue*
- * Powling, J.W., *Port Fairy—The First Fifty Years, 1837–1887: A social history*.
- * Rogerson, Pat, *Unravelling Our Past: Alma White's Forebears including the families of Terry, Crew, Jenner and Ahern*.
- * Sayers, C.E., *By These We Flourish: A history of Warrnambool*.
- Scripps, Lindy, *Independence—A foundation of accountability: A history of the Tasmanian Audit Office*.
- * Royal Historical Society, *Victorian Historical Journal: Who Rules Victoria? Responsible Government 1856–2006*
- Tasman Peninsular Historical Society, *Tasman Peninsular Chronicle No. 12, October 2006*.
- * Villiers, Allan, *Vanished Fleets & Sea Stories from old Van Dieman's Land*.

CDRom

- * ABM Publishing & S&N,
 - 1841 Census Derbyshire: Derby Borough
 - 1861 Census Bedfordshire: Biggleswad
 - 1871 Census Staffordshire: Shelton
 - Somerset Parish Records Vol. 9, part 1
 - Phillimore's Parish Records
 - Nottinghamshire Parish Records Vol. 9 (Marriages)
 - Wiltshire Parish Records Vol. 9 (Marriages)
- * Macbeth Genealogical Services, *South Australian Deaths Registrations 1916–1972.*

* Indicates donated items

Huon Branch

President Betty Fletcher (03) 6264 1546

Secretary Libby Gillham (03) 6239 6529

PO Box 117 Huonville Tasmania 7109

email: vsbtas@ava.com.au



An afternoon tea was held on Saturday April 28th for the judging of the Family Chart competition. A local celebrity and a Hobart Branch member were the judges.

The Branch recently was given an historic item from the era of the Ranelagh Memorial Hall's establishment, the current location of our Library. Following the building of the Hall silent movies were screened from its completion in 1919 until 1927, the advent of the 'talkies'. The item presented is the original movie projector. This gift has prompted the writing of a short article for a future Journal.

Launceston Branch

<http://users.bigpond.com/ltntasfh>

President Anita Swan (03) 6326 5778

Secretary Muriel Bissett Phone/Fax (03) 6344 4034

PO Box 1290 Launceston Tasmania 7250

secretary: bbissett@bigpond.net.au

library: ltntasfh@bigpond.com



Our year commenced with a major rearrangement of the Library. This has resulted in a roomier, better appointed office; a reading room with more light; a more compact reader room, freeing up of the kitchen for use as a lunch room; better use of the space in the reception room and the sun-room serving as both an area for relaxation and use of the readers. Many thanks to the gentlemen

without whose participation the job would not have been possible. Members responded well to the 'spring cleaning' day, and a huge effort was made both inside and outside the building, eventually culminating in the removal of the overgrown and damaging conifer at the corner of the building. What a difference!



At the first meeting for 2007 members viewed the latest CDs and other new items, including Irish Marriages, Ordinance surveys, etc. As part of the National Trust Australia (Tasmania) Festival Month activities, the committee arranged for displays relating to military research and resources. Those who we able to attend greatly enjoyed the displays, barbecue and the opportunity to socialise.

The Branch AGM was held on Tuesday 24 April when member Russell Watson, who is president of Launceston Legacy, shared on the current activities of this important group. On 22nd May, we look forward to sharing memorabilia—cards, photo albums and autograph books.

Meetings and Activities at 2 Taylor Street:

- **Tuesday 26 June**, 7pm: "Researching overseas" members Barrie Robinson and Lucille Gee will be speaking about their research experiences on their recent overseas trips.
- **Thursday 26 July**, 12.30pm. a meal at the Wok and Grill, followed by a visit to the Launceston RSL displays.
- **Tuesday 28 August**, 3.30pm: Workshop, demonstrations on using "Scotland's People". Vouchers available for purchase. \$5.00 registration required.
- **Tuesday 25 September**, 7pm: Ross Smith will be giving an update on the acquisitions at the Community History Museum, Inveresk site.

After three years as a very dedicated and hard-working President, Helen Stuart has stood down from office. We wish her well in her future endeavours as a committee member and delegate to State Executive. We were sorry to lose Judith De Jong from the committee and the important job of Sales Officer, and at a State level, co-ordinator of the Lilian Watson Award. Thank you Judith for an invaluable contribution. We are looking forward to Lionel Cooper joining the committee.

Acquisitions

Books

- * Bailey, Anne & Robin, *An Early Tasmanian Story with the Oakdens, Cowies, Parramores, Tullochs & Hoggs*
- * Barnett, Guy, *Our Heroes Tasmania's Victoria Cross Recipients*
- * Bicanic, Jenny, *Down the Sledge Track, A history of West Scottsdale & Lietinna Bissett, Muriel & Betty, Index to Launceston Examiner Vol. 11 1894-1896*
- * Brabbs, *Abbeys & Monasteries*
- * Crago, Tony, *The First Fleet and Year of Settlement*
- * Edwards, J M & Brown, *Rosemary Madge's People in the island of Tasmania and beyond*
- * Elwell, Charles J L, *The Iron Elwells*
- * Griffin, Daniel, *Deloraine Past & Present*
Institute of Irish Studies, The Queens University of Belfast,
Ordnance Survey Memoirs of Ireland Parishes of Co. Antrim III 1833, 1835, 1839-40
- * Launceston Historical Studies, *Notes for Excursion Ketch Defender 1990*
- * Macdougall, A K, *Australia in History-Australia's Navy*
- * Millard, Anne, *A Street through Time, a 12,000 year journey along the same street*
- * Parsons, Frances, *The Making of one Tasmanian*
- Ratcliffe, Richard, *Basic Facts about Quarter Session Records*
- Raymond, Stuart, *A Introducing Family History*
- * *Topsham History & Mystery*
- * *Vietnam 40th. Anniversary of the Battle of Long Tan*
- Whitfeld, Ernest, *The River Tamar*

CDRom

- ABM Publishing
 - 1841 Census Derby Borough Derbyshire*
 - 1861 Census Biggleswade Bedfordshire*
 - 1871 Census Shelton Stoke-on-Trent*
- Phillimore Parish Records
 - Nottinghamshire Vol 9
 - Somerset Vol 9
 - Wiltshire Vol 9
- * Bradley, Dona *The Journeys that Led to Us*

*Indicates donated items

Library Notes

State Microfiche Roster

	21/05/07	20/08/07	17/11/07	18/2/08	17/05/08
	17/08/07	16/11/07	15/02/08	16/05/08	15/08/08
Burnie	Set 3	Set 2	Set 1	Set 5	Set 4
Devonport	Set 4	Set 3	Set 2	Set 1	Set 5
Hobart	Set 5	Set 4	Set 3	Set 2	Set 1
Huon	Set 1	Set 5	Set 4	Set 3	Set 2
Launceston	Set 2	Set 1	Set 5	Set 4	Set 3
Set 1	GRO BDMs Index 1868–1897				
Set 2	Griffith's Valuation for Ireland Series. GRO Consular Records Index Old Parochial Records and 1891 Census Indexes for Scotland				
Set 3	GRO BDMs Index 1898–1922 and AGCI				
Set 4	National Probate Calendars 1853–1943				
Set 5	GRO BDMs Index 1923–1942				
	Exchange Journals Members' Interests and One Name Studies Index Lillian Watson Family History Award 2005 and entries				

Devonport & Launceston Microfiche Roster

	21/05/07	20/08/07	17/11/07	18/2/08	17/05/08
	17/08/07	16/11/07	15/02/08	16/05/08	15/08/08
Devonport	Set 1	Set 2	Set 1	Set 2	Set 1
Launceston	Set 2	Set 1	Set 2	Set 1	Set 2
Set 1	GRO BDMs Index 1943-1946				
Set 2	GRO BDMs Index 1947-1950				

Society Sales

The Tasmanian Family History Society Inc. Publications
(all prices inc. GST)
Merchant Card facilities now available (mail order only)

Mail orders (including postage) should be forwarded to the:
State Sales Officer, TFHS Inc., PO Box 191 Launceston TAS 7250

Microfiche	TAMIOT (p&p \$2.50)	\$55.00
Books	<i>My Most Interesting Ancestor</i> (p&p \$4.90)	\$9.00
	<i>Van Diemen's Land Heritage Index</i> , Vol. 3 (p&p \$4.90)	\$11.00
	<i>Van Diemen's Land Heritage Index</i> , Vol. 4 (p&p \$4.90)	\$11.00
	<i>Van Diemen's Land Heritage Index</i> , Vol. 5 (p&p \$4.90) *	\$25.00
	<i>Tasmanian Ancestry Index Volumes 1—20</i> (p&p \$4.90) *	\$22.50
	Members (p&p \$4.90)	\$20.00
CD-Rom:	<i>Tasmanian Federation Index</i> (p&p \$2.50)	\$231.00
	* members discount applies	

Branch Library Addresses, Times and Meeting Details

Burnie Phone: (03) 6435 4103 (Branch Librarian)
Library 58 Bass Highway, Cooee
Tuesday 11.00 a.m.–3.00 p.m.
Saturday 1.00 p.m.–4.00 p.m.
The library is open at 7.00 p.m. prior to meetings.
Meeting Branch Library, 58 Bass Highway, Cooee 7.30 p.m. on
3rd Tuesday of each month, except January and December.
Day Meeting 1st Monday of the month at 10.30 a.m. except January and February.

Devonport Phone: (03) 6424 4005 (Branch Secretary)
Library Old police residence, 117 Gilbert St, Latrobe (behind State Library)
Tuesday 11.00 a.m.–3.00 p.m.
Friday 11.00 a.m.–3.00 p.m.
Second Saturday of each month 11.00 a.m.–3.00 p.m.
Meeting Meeting Room 2, Devonport Library, Fenton Way, Devonport at
7.30 p.m. on last Thursday of each month, except December. Enter from
Town Hall car park.

Hobart Phone: (03) 6228 5057 (Branch Secretary)
Library 19 Cambridge Road, Bellerive
Tuesday 12.30 p.m.–3.30 p.m.
Wednesday 9.30 a.m.–12.30 p.m.
Saturday 1.30 p.m.– 4.30 p.m.
Meeting Rosny Library, Bligh Street, Rosny Park, at 8.00 p.m. on
3rd Tuesday of each month, except January and December.

Huon Phone: (03) 6239 6529 (Branch Secretary)
Library Soldiers Memorial Hall, Marguerite Street, Ranelagh
Saturday 1.30 p.m.–4.00 p.m.
Other times: library visits by appointment with Secretary,
48 hours notice required
Meeting Branch Library, Ranelagh, at 4.00 p.m. on 1st Saturday of each month,
except January.
Please check Branch Report for any changes.

Launceston Phone: (03) 6344 4034 (Branch Secretary)
Library 2 Taylor Street, Invermay, Launceston
Tuesday 10.00 a.m.–3.00 p.m.
Saturday 1.30 p.m.–3.30 p.m.
Meeting Branch Library 2 Taylor Street, Invermay, at 7:00 p.m.
4th Tuesday of each month, except December.

Membership of the Tasmanian Family History Society Inc.

Membership of the TFHS Inc. is open to all individuals interested in genealogy and family history, whether or not resident in Tasmania. Assistance is given to help trace overseas ancestry as well as Tasmanian.

Dues are payable annually by 1 April. Membership Subscriptions for 2007–08 (including GST):-

Individual member	\$39.00
Joint members (2 people at one address)	\$49.00
Australian Concession	\$27.00
Australian Joint Concession	\$37.00

Overseas: Individual member: A\$39.00: Joint members: A\$49.00 (including airmail postage).

Organisations: Journal subscription \$39.00—apply to the State Treasurer.

Membership Entitlements:

All members receive copies of the society's journal *Tasmanian Ancestry*, published quarterly in June, September, December and March. Members are entitled to free access to the society's libraries. Access to libraries of some other societies has been arranged on a reciprocal basis.

Application for Membership:

Application forms may be downloaded from www.tasfhs.org or obtained from the TFHS Inc. State Secretary, or any branch and be returned with appropriate dues to a branch treasurer. **Interstate and overseas** applications should be mailed to the TFHS Inc. Treasurer, PO Box 191, Launceston Tasmania 7250. Dues are also accepted at libraries and at branch meetings.

Donations:

Donations to the Library Fund (\$2.00 and over) are **tax deductible**. Gifts of family records, maps, photographs, etc. are most welcome.

Research Queries:

Research is handled on a voluntary basis in each branch for members and non-members. Rates for research are available from each branch and a stamped, self addressed, business size envelope should accompany all queries. Members should quote their membership number. Research request forms may be downloaded from www.tasfhs.org.

Reciprocal Rights:

TFHS Inc. policy is that our branches offer reciprocal rights to any interstate or overseas visitor who is a member of another Family History Society and produce their membership card.

Advertising:

Advertising for *Tasmanian Ancestry* is accepted with pre-payment of \$27.50 per quarter page in one issue or \$82.50 for four issues including 10% GST. Further information can be obtained by writing to the journal editors at PO Box 191, Launceston Tasmania 7250.

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Tasmanian Ancestry

Journal of the
Tasmanian Family History Society Inc.

Volume 28 No. 1—June 2007

Journal Article Award

The State Executive announces that the next Journal Award will cover *Tasmanian Ancestry* editions Volume 28 No's 1-4. The Award will be presented at the Society's Annual General Meeting held on 21st June 2008.

The articles will be judged on **the guidelines specified in the editorial page** of each journal.

The Journal Committee will filter the articles and one article from each volume will be submitted to the May 2008 State Executive meeting where the winner will be selected.

Branch Committee Members for 2007–2008

Burnie

President Peter Cocker
(03) 6435 4103

Secretary Ann Bailey (03) 6431 5058

Branch addresses

email: petjud@bigpond.com

PO Box 748 Burnie Tasmania 7320

<http://www.clients.tas.webnet.com.au/geneal/burnbranch.htm>



President

Mr Peter Cocker 6435 4103
petjud@bigpond.com

Vice President

Vacant

Correspondence Secretary

Mrs Ann Bailey 6431 5058
petjud@bigpond.com

Minute Secretary

Mr Doug Forrest 6431 1882

Treasurer

Vacant

Committee

Mrs Judy Cocker 0427 354 103
Mr Geoff Daniel 0428 446 960
Mrs Sybil Russell 6433 0245
Mrs Gaye Spicer 6442 2770
Mrs Colleen Williams 6433 0443

State Delegates

To be advised
To be advised

Alternate Delegate

To be advised

Devonport

President Kerri Blyth
0418 991 208

Secretary Helen Anderson (03) 6427 8997

Branch addresses

email: secretary@tfhsdev.com

Po Box 587 Devonport Tasmania 7310

<http://www.tfhsdev.com>



President

Ms Kerri Blyth 0418 991 208
prez.tfhsdev@gmail.com

Vice President

Mr Jim Rouse 0418 991 208

Secretary

Ms Helen Anderson 6427 8997
secretary@tfhsdev.com

Treasurer

Mrs Sue-Ellen McCreghan 6428 2288
poultrysquad@bigpond.com

Committee

Mrs Glenice Brauman 6424 7577
Mrs Rosilyn Cos 6491 1141
Ms Bev Devlin 6426 2511
Mrs Elaine Garwood 6424 4005
Mrs Rosie Marshall 6426 7334
Mrs Marilyn Oakley 6423 3827
Mrs Barbara Pendrey 6427 8666

State Delegates

Ms Kerri Blyth
Mr Jim Rouse

Alternate Delegate

Mr John Dare

Branch Committee Members for 2007–2008

Hobart

President Brian Hortle
(03) 6225 2124

Secretary Leo Prior (03) 6228 5057

Branch addresses

secretary@hobart.tasfhs.org
PO Box 326 Rosny Park Tasmania 7018
http://www.hobart.tasfhs.org



President

Mr Brian Hortle 6225 2124
president@hobart.tasfhs.org

Vice President

Mr Robert Tanner 6231 0794

Secretary

Mr Leo Prior 6228 5057
secretary@hobart.tasfhs.org

Minute Secretary

Ms Vee Maddock 6243 9592

Treasurer

Vacant

Committee

Mr Maurice Appleyard 6248 4229
Mrs Vanessa Blair 6247 9441
Mrs Anne Hay 6244 2984
Mrs Denise McNeice 6228 3564
Mrs Colleen Read 6244 4527

State Delegates

Mr Brian Hortle
Mr Leo Prior

Alternate Delegate

Mrs Denise McNeice

Huon

President Betty Fletcher (03) 6264 1546

Secretary Libby Gillham (03) 6239 6529

Fax (03) 6239 6824

Branch addresses

vsbtas@ava.com.au

PO Box 117 Huonville Tasmania 7109

Library email

tfhshuon@keypoint.com.au



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vsbtas@ava.com.au

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Publicity

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State Delegates

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Mr John Gillham 6239 6529

Alternate Delegate

Miss Betty Fletcher 6264 1546

Branch Committee Members for 2007–2008

Launceston

President Anita Swan (03) 6326 5778
Secretary Muriel Bissett (03) 6344 4034
bbissett@bigpond.net.au
Branch address
ltntasfh@bigpond.com
PO Box 1290 Launceston Tasmania 7250
http://users.bigpond.com/ltntasfh



President

Mrs Anita Swan 6326 5778
swan.a@aapt.net.au

Vice President

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Though dark my path, and hard my lot,
Let me be still and murmur not:
But teach me from my heart to say
Thy will be done.

Inserted by her loving husband.